THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, State Printer.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday, on the following terms:

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For two months,	2.00
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☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 31, 1866 NO. 146.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 lines of minion type which constitues a square:

1 Insertion	$1.00	2 weeks	$ 6.00
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The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSION,

Appointed by Gov. Holden, under an Ordinance of the Convention, to prepare a Code for the Freedmen of this State.

To the Honorable, the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina:

The undersigned, a committee appointed by the late Provisional Governor, in pursuance of a resolution passed at the recent session of the Convention, directing that a committee of three persons be appointed "to prepare and report to the Legislature at its next session, a system of laws upon the subject of freedmen, and to designate such laws, and parts of laws, now in force, as should be repealed in order to conform the statutes of the State to the ordinance of the Convention abolishing the institution of slavery," have considered the matters intrusted to them, and herewith submit as their report, "A bill concerning Negroes, Indians and persons of color, or mixed blood;" and also several other bills differing somewhat in character from that one.

The committee, in presenting their report, deem it proper that they should explain the course they have pursued, and, to some extent, the reasons by which they have been governed.

Priorto the emancipation of slaves, there had existed in the State three classes of population, besides Indians, to wit: the whites, the slaves, and the free negroes; and for many purposes, there existed a special legislation for each class. Upon the emancipation of the slaves, the laws specially respecting them, ceased to have any force, and that class fell under the laws respecting free negroes: the political and civil condition of all the colored population became that which had already been established for the free negro. It became the duty, therefore, of the committee to look through the entire body of the laws of the State, for the purpose of ascertaining what part of them governed the free negro, as distinguished from the white man. In performing this duty, your committee have deemed it the more advisable course, (as this species of special legislation was scattered throughout the civil and criminal laws,) to advise the repeal of all laws that specially affected the colored race, and re-enact such as, in their opinion, ought to exist; and also to recommend other and original legislation, when it was deemed expedient. Believing that a brief synopsis of the several sections of the first-named bill, and also of the other bills, would not be unacceptable, they proceed to furnish it:

The first section of the bill "concerning negroes," &c., defines who shall be deemed a negro or colored person, or person of mixed blood, within the generations designated.

The second declares that in all statutes and judicial proceedings, such a person shall be properly described by the term "person of color."

The third declares persons of color to be citizens of the State.

The fourth confers on them all the privileges of white persons in conducting their suits, and in the mode of trial by jury.

The fifth places the colored apprentice on the same footing with a white one; and leaves the law declaring in what cases they should be bound, as it now exists in the Revised Code.

By the sixth, certain marriages, deemed to be not void, but voidable, though celebrated in due form, between slaves or between slaves and free negroes, are declared valid.

By the seventh, certain past marriages between them, existing at certain fixed periods, by mere consent and without due celebration, are validated; and provision made for perpetuating the evidence thereof by being recorded.

By the eighth, inducements are held out to such as are thus married under section 7, to have their marriages recorded.

It has been held, that under our laws, the marriages of slaves by their own mere consent, and simply consented to by their masters, are void; and, as the Legislature is forbidden to legitimate persons born in bastardy, the provision for such legitimation, which was contained in an ordinance offered before, but rejected by the Convention, (because of the adoption of the resolution under which the Committee are now reporting) must be again submitted to that body, or the freedmen now living will all be bastards, and incapable of inheriting from their fathers any estate which he may chance to die possessed of.

It is believed that a marriage merely voidable may be validated by the General Assembly; and that when thus confirmed, all the incidents of ratification follow; one of which is the legitimation of the issue previously born. But, it is more than doubted whether such result follows the enactment of a marriage under section 7.

By the ninth section, contracts between persons of color, and between them and whites, for live stock, are required to be in writing.—The numerous theft of such species of property, in which the whites and blacks associate together, require this provision; as thereby the thief will be the more certainly detected. The section also embraces other contracts of a certain value. And, one of its main objects is to protect the colored person from imposition by cunning, and the white man from the effects of corrupt evidence.

The tenth section makes void all marriages between whites and persons of color.

Section eleven allows persons of color to bear witness where their rights of person or property are concerned. In respect of this action the committee will comment more at large hereafter.

Sections twelve and thirteen require no comment.

By section fourteen the criminal code affecting white persons, is extended to colored persons, in all things, unless otherwise expressly declared in the bill reported. The only exception in the bill, or in any law, which will exist after repealing such as are recommended to be repealed, will be found in section 13 of the bill reported, which punishes with death a person of color who may assault a white female with intent to ravish her.

The Committee observe that in some of the late slaveholding States, much legislation is employed to confer on persons of color the civil rights which belong to white men. In this State very little is necessary; indeed, none beyond a repeal of the laws, which, from time to time, have been introduced, making distinctions between whites and colored persons. And, it may be observed, that some of the provisions of this bill which seem to confer rights and privileges, were strictly unnecessary; because persons of color were entitled to them without any new enactment. But it was deemed better, at this time to solemnly declare them in a bill drawn to define their civil status.

Many years since it was solemnly decided by the highest Court of the State, and indeed, it has been so regarded, that the term "freedmen," (than which none used in the declaration of rights and the Constitution of the State, to describe a citizen, is of higher dignity,) included in its fullest extent, a free negro, whether free in 1776, when the Constitution was framed, or become so since by emancipation. He was, at the beginning of the late unhappy conflict of arms, and is now, included in the term "freeman," as used in that instrument.

This class of our population have never been debarred from owning any species of property, except by one enactment, that of 1861, which forbade them thereafter to own slaves. They have ever been protected from trial for crime, except through presentment by a grand jury, and trial by a petit jury, with all the rights of challenge accorded to white persons. They have ever been allowed trial in the same tribunals where, for like offences, the white man was prosecuted. The same common law which yet prevails so extensively in this State, and regulates, almost entirely, the duties of husband and wife, of parent and child, of guardian and ward, of master and servant, and of master and apprentice, exists alike for both classes. The same power of making contracts, and the same remedies for enforcing them in courts open alike to both, are equally the rights of the one race and the other without distinction.

In a word, the common law is the law of the State in all matters where it has not been superseded by statute; where it exists, colored and white persons are equally protected under its shield, and exposed to its punishments, and where it is changed by statute, the change operates on all.

By sections 15 and 16, wardens of the poor, for persons of color, may be appointed. This is left to the discretion of the appointing court, only because, in some counties of the State, persons of color are too few in number to require an additional Court of Wardens.

The remainder of the sections of the bill are appropriated to the repeal of "such laws and parts of laws now in force, as in the opinion of the committee should be repealed in order to conform the statutes of the State to the ordinances of the Convention abolishing the institution of slavery," and the new condition of things arising out of the same.

Secondly, The committee have deemed it their duty, in view of the very great changes which have so suddenly taken place, to recommend the passage of certain laws equally applicable to both populations. It is conceded that the industry of the negro race has become greatly relaxed and demoralized, the natural consequence of which is an unsettled and roving disposition, a desire to avoid steady work, and a disposition to pick up a precarious existence by pretended hunting of wild game, though in most localities, it is too scarce to be worth the pursuit.

It is also vain for us to attempt to disguise the fact that the industry of the white man too, is greatly unnerved and demoralized, and like evil consequences are ready to follow. Indeed, they already exist. We conceive it to be among the first of legislative duties, to check this demoralization and direct the energies of the entire population in appropriate channels of honest labor.

Among the most efficient means of accomplishing this object, they deem the protection of every man's property against unauthorized intrusions, trespasses and thievs ot the idle and vicious.

In our present demoralized condition there is no species of live stock which escapes the roving robber; and every man is plundered, when the market is convenient, of whatever may be found on his lands, growing or severed, that is valuable for sale.

Wilful trespasses on lands have long been a greviance greatly complained of. The common law did not allow criminal prosecutions for this species of wrong; but the General Assembly have, from time to time, in many instances, departed from this rule in order to afford protection against the lawless idler and insolvent trespasser. In proportion as circumstances may increase the frequency of such wrongs, it will become the legislative power to follow them with appropriate remedies.

The committee, therefore, report and recommend the passage of the following bills:

1. "A bill to punish persons pursuing horses and other live stock with intent to steal them."

2. "A bill to prevent wilful trespasses on lands and stealing any kind of poperty therefrom."

3. "A bill to punish vagrancy."

In regard to this bill, the committee have deemed it advisable to recommend the repeal of the two provisions upon the same subject, and the passage of this bill in lieu of both said provisions.

These provisions are to be found in the Revised Code, chap. 34, sec. 43; chap. 107, sec. 60; the former was intended for white vagrants, and the latter for free negro vagrants.

The bill herewith reported, embraces both populations:

4. "A bill to punish seditious language, insurrections and rebellion in the State."

In regard to this bill, the substance of it has long existed in the State, under several provisions to be found in the Revised Code and elsewhere. The bill now offered is intended as a substitute for all provisions upon the same subject.

5. "A bill to secure to agricultural laborers their pay in kind."

The object of this bill is to encourage the field laborer, by securing to him the fruits of his toil. Every legitimate means should be employed to stimulate industry, and the enjoyment of its fruits has ever been found the strongest incentive to produce the desired effect.

6. "A bill to prevent enticing servants from fulfilling their contracts, or harboring them."

This bill is a just companion with the preceding one. While it is the duty of the lawgiver to secure to the laborer the promised rewards of his labor and toil, it is equally just to require him to comply with his deliberate and lawful contracts; especially when his employer surrenders to him, in the outset, the use of valuable lands which may prove to be worthless to the owner, if the laborer be not held to his contract. The inculcation of a strict observance of contracts is equally the parent and offspring of virtuous industry. And that man is no less a vicious member of society who persuades and encourages another to be faithless to his word, than he who wilfully violates it. both should suffer the sharp reproof of the law.

7. "A bill more effectually to secure the maintenance of bastard children, and the payment of fines and costs on conviction in criminal cases."

The purpose this bill is to relieve the County Treasuries; *first*, from the burden of supporting bastard children, which are likely to greatly increase in number, in the midst of a demoralized population.

It is naturally just that the father should support his offspring, whether born in or out of wedlock. No one, if able to work, ought to be allowed to cast his spurious progeny on the charity of the industrious poor, whose toil is stretched to its utmost extent in supporting the public charges and their own virtuous families.

Secondly, From the burden of maintaining, at heavy expense, the judicial tribunals of the land established for the preservation of the public peace against the turbulence and violence of those who, having been the principal instrument of its breeches, seek, when brought to justice, to evade by an idle life, the payment of the costs of suppressing their own disorders.

As yet, no steps have been taken by that authority, which claims exclusive jurisdiction, both civilly and criminally, over all matters that concern the freedmen, to encourage or enforce the marriage of such as, while slaves, were long living together willingly, as man and wife. By the laws of this State the husbands and wives, popularly so called, of a population of 300,000 human beings, are lewdly and laciviously cohabiting together, without any other link of connection than their own free will. They may part when they choose, and select new partners for a day or month. Among the whites such case are indictable. If, after the courts shall assume their criminal jurisdiction, the colored people shall still be allowed to continue in the practise of such unlawful connections, without reproof or punishment, they will be in a more demoralized condition, in respect to that relation, which, among all civilized human beings is deemed so sacred, than were free persons of color, or even slaves, before the late epoch of emancipation. The former were not allowed to cohabit without marriage, duly celebrated; and the latter were much restrained from such licentious co-habitation, by the care and prudence of their masters.

If the Freedmen's Bureau will neither turn over to the civil authorities for correction, this species of crime, nor take efficient means, itself, for its correction, it will be impossible to elevate the race by any legislative means yet practiced or devised. No race of mankind can be expected to become exalted in the scale of humanity, whose sexes, without any binding obligation, cohabit promiscuously together. Among such a people, chastity can have no name or place; and the performance of parental duties, no encouragement or sanction.

It is much hoped that the Freedmen's Bureau will take the subject into serious consideration.

8. and lastly, "A bill to establish work-houses of correction in the several counties of the State."

In the opinion of the committee, this institution has long since demanded, and now more than at any time heretofore. Though its cost, in the present embarrassed pecuniary condition of the country, may be somewhat burdensome, there is little doubt that, if managed with economy and care, it will soon prove a great relief to the honest industry ot the country. The dread of involuntary labor is much more effectual to suppress misdemeanors and idleness than a few days of imprisonment, with a discharge of fines and costs under the insolvent debtor's law.

Without such a house, the present jails will be unequal to contain those who will be committed to prison. Their proper enlargement for the reception of both species of population, and and the different sexes of each population, will cost, at once, as much as a work-house and farm on a small scale, which may be enlarged as occasion may require.

The Committee have left it discretionary with the Justices of the Peace whether they will establish such a house; because, in some counties it may be little needed, and in others very greatly; and because, also, some counties are more able to establish them at once, than others are. If even one county shall establish such an institution, self defence will soon render it necessary for all the adjacent counties to follow the example; and a few years only, will be requisite to extend the institution over the State.

If this, or some similar policy should not be inaugurated, it is not difficult to foresee that this State may become, in the process of time, the land of immigration from all parts of the Union, of the demoralized freedman and the dissolute white man.

The Committee are aware that the great and radical changes occasioned by emancipation, in the fixed habits and custom of the people, cannot be truly estimated at once; and therefore, they forbear, as much as possible, to speculate by legislative anticipation, for such changes as may even probably become necessary in the course of time. They deem it the more prudent course to proceed now by new laws, only so far as the way appears to be clear. They prefer to let the common law apply its flexible rules for human conduct to the new state of things, rather than frame for it rigid, and perhaps misconceived legislation.

The General Assembly will perceive that we have omitted all such punishments as the involuntary hiring out of persons of color, and also, of whipping them, except in cases where persons are thus punished.

Public whipping is a species of punishment which ought rarely to be inflicted on any one whom it is the purpose of the law to reclaim from crime. The culprit thus punished becomes utterly degraded in public esteem; and it would be wonderful if he did not become so in his own. A freeman thus degraded, loses all incentive to virtue; and so far as his example can extend as a parent or otherwise, he inculcates all his vices in those around him.

It may be said, and with perfect truth, that there are comparatively few of the slaves lately freed, who are honest; but this vice now so prevalent among them, may be traced to other and more probable causes than any natural depravity peculiar to the negro race, which, by some physiologists, are declared to be naturally destitute of moral principles, in a greater degree than any other people yet known. The committee have not regulated their code by this doctrine. And if it were true, there is but the greater necessity for correcting the natural obliquity by proper civil institutions wisely administered. That the race is not beyond the reach of a proper moral training, is evident from the many examples among them of sobriety, industry and honesty. If it owed its depravity to the vicious nature peculiar to the race, we ought to be able, by this time, to trace some steps of improvement in the mixture of its blood with that of other races of men.

The committee have not discovered, nor has it been maintained, that the mixed blooded slave has been elevated in the moral virtues of the white race, as he advanced toward it in color. It may not be amiss to remark that the punishment by hiring, is rather of modern date The first enactment to this effect was in 1831, and its constitutionality was seriously question ed by eminent lawyers, though settled by an able court.

Your honorable body will perceive also, that we recommend, that the Courts should be fully opened to the negro race, for protecting their persons and property, and all the rights of freemen, by being heard as witnesses, whenever these rights are in controversy.

The enactment recommended, allows their evidence in civil cases only where the rights of person, or property of persons of color would be precluded by the judgements or decrees made in those cases. And in criminal cases, only where the violence, fraud, or injury charged to have been done by, or on them, is put directly in issue.

If the testimony is to be admitted at all, it ought to be extended to such cases. The effect of thus limiting it will not deny them any advantages, but on the contrary, will secure to them the most perfect protection that human evidence can afford. Beyond the accomplishment of this object we have not felt ourselves authorized to go. The result of allowing it to this extent will be, that when colored persons are parties, they may call to the witness stand the whole population of the land, not rendered incompetent by want of understanding, interest or religious unbelief; while in cases where white persons alone are parties, white persons only will be competent witnesses.

O. G. PARSLEY, JOHN JUDGE, } O. G. PARSLEY, JR. HENRY SAVAGE.

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2,000 Bags Coffee direct from Rio Janeiro.

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Jan. 1-119-3m.

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JAS. McKIMMON & SONS,

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All business entrusted to our care, shall command our prompt attention.

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Raleigh, January 8 126—1m.

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C. P. MENDENHALL,	Greensboro,	"

October 26, 1865-69 tf.

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Jan 20, 187, 1m, 3t, pd.

FOR 1866.

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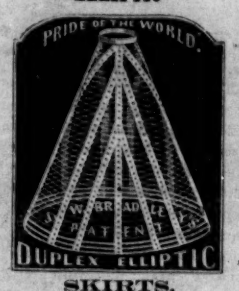

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Durability.

Enquire for

Bradley's Duplex Elliptic or Double Spring Skirt.

For sale *everywhere*. Manufactured exclusively by the sole owners of the patent,

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A full assortment of these Superior Skirts constantly on hand, and for sale in a great variety of sizes, by

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Jan 9, 127, 3ms.

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BEING MADE OF THE BEST MATERIAL AND in the most approved manner, it is recommended to the public as superior to any other in the market. All who have used it speak of it in the highest terms of praise, and those engaged in its manufacture will continue their best endeavors to advance the high reputation which it has acquired.

We guarantee the Phosphate to be well manufaced, and recommend it in preference to any other artificial manure in the market. We consider it nearly equal to the best Peruvian Guano, although furnished at half the price.

Messrs. B. H. Allen & Co., the well known manufacturers of agricultural implements, say of it:

"We take pleasure in stating that we have sold E. F. Coe's Super-Phosphate of Lime for four years—It has given universal satisfaction to our customers. We most cheerfully endorse it as an article worthy of the confidence of the public, and the purchaser may rely upon securing an article honestly and carefully manufactured.

"We would state that, after careful examination, we believe this Phosphate has been improved each year since its introduction in this market, and that it will continue to maintain its present high standing.

"Very respectfully,
"R. H. ALLEN & CO.,
"No. 191 Water street, New York."

E. FRANK COE, Esq.,

Annexed please find result of my analysis of sample of your Super Phosphate of Lime left with me.

This being such a superior article in every respect, I cannot refrain from congratulating you upon such manufacture, which undoubtedly will meet with great success

Wishing you every success, I am,
Respectfully yours,
G. A. LEIBIG.

BALTIMORE, August 3, 1864.

Of Free Phosphoric Acid Hyd. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	10.28 / 7.45.
Of Bi-Phosphate of Lime. containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	6.10 / 3.70.
Of Neutral Phosphate of Lime containing of Anhydrous Phosphoric Acid.	8.35 / 4.36.
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The attention of railroad companies, iron works and machine shops, is particularly invited to the importance of a trial of this coal.

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She is also prepared to make up Dresses or do other needle work in good style.

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RALEIGH, N. C.

Oct. 17th, 1865-61-3m.

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October 2-48-1y.

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oct 28-71-6ms

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☞ Interest allowed on Deposites. Collections made throughout the United States, and special attention given to the redemption of Southern Bank Notes for Banks' account.

☞ Liberal advancements made on consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and other products to their correspondents in Baltimore, New York, Liverpool, Bremen and Antwerp.

They hold $100,000 Notes of the various North Carolina Banks which they will furnish at fair rates to parties wishing to purchase to pay old negotiable notes to the Banks. Dec 3-99-3m.

COPARTNERSHIP.

NEWBERN, N. C., November 1st, 1865.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A COPARTnership under the name and style of

Whitford, Dill & Co.,

for the transaction of a Shipping and General

Commission Business,

in this Town, West side Craven Street, on old County Wharf.

To the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Tobacco, Lumber, Staves, Shingles, Corn, and all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and also to the sale and purchase of Real Estate and State and other Stocks, we will give our personal attention.

We are Agents for Murry's North Carolina Semi-Weekly Line of Steamships, between Newbern and New York, and for Sailing Vessels for Baltimore, Philadelphia, and other ports in the United States, and for different ports in the West Indies. Thus it will be seen that we are furnished by our own vessels with the amplest facilities for the speedy transportation of Freight and Passengers. But in addition to these, there is a weekly line of Ocean Steamships on the same route, and a tri-weekly line of Steamers by inland route through Albemarle and Chesapeake Canal to Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York; hence Merchants and Shippers, entrusting the transportation of their freight to us, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.

☞ We will make liberal advances on consignments.

All letters addressed to us on the subject of freight, or on any other business, will be promptly answered.

JOHN D. WHITFORD,
GEORGE W. DILL,
WM. C. WHITFORD.

November 29, 1865 96 3ms

DR. J. R. G. FAUCETTE, Of Greensboro, N. C. | J. C. FAUCETTE, Of Alamance, N. C.

Faucette & Bro.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

Purchasing Agents,

AND

GENERAL PRODUCE DEALERS,

Opposite the Gaston House,

NEWBERN, N. C.

December 16-110-3ms.

THE DAILY SENTINEL

WM. E. PELL, SEATON GALES, } Editors.

Wednesday, January 31, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month	1 00
" two months	2 00
Semi-Weekly per year,	5 00
Weekly per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The Weekly and Semi-weekly will be issued about the first of January. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

The "Straitest Sect."

We do not admit the correctness of the definition of this "sect," as given by our ... ghbor, the *Standard*, on Monday last. The "original and consistent Union men" of the State, were not all identified with the "straitest sect," by a "jug full." The origin of the "sect" cannot be dated farther back than 1864, when the opposition to Gov. Vance became concentrated in his last canvass. The supporters of Gov. Holden in that canvass, were designated at that time and never before, as the "straitest sect," by the *Standard*. Some good, consistent Union men became associated with it, but its leader was an "original secessionist," but became a Union man; while most of the "sect" was made up of those Union men and secessionists, who got whipped early in 1864 and later, and the deserters and buffaloes.

Our neighbor insists upon it, that it was distinctly and universally understood, that sound policy required that the "straitest sect" should take the lead in re-organizing the State and in representing the State in Congress. The *Standard*, no doubt, was anxious to so have it understood, and this was the policy of the Provisional Governor. But the people never so understood it. They acquiesced in the appointment of the leader of the "sect" as Provisional Governor, but never understood nor assented to it, that the whole family or "sect" should reconstruct the State. Nor was it ever admitted that the "straitest sect" embraced over a moiety of the reliable and consistent Union men in the State. As to the "straitest sect" representing the State in Congress, as the means of getting us back into the Union, the facts prove that it was merely clap-trap. Suppose Gov. Holden had been elected Governor, and every Senator and Representative had been of the "straitest sect" stripe, like Mr. Pool, would we have been any nearer in the Union? The *Standard*, has several times, intimated as much, but who believes it?

But did President Johnson ever intimate by word or deed, that only "strait sect" men ought to be concerned in the work of reconstruction Nothing like it. He required that only *Loyal* men should be concerned in it. To this the *Sentinel*, Gov. Worth, and all who supported him, heartily assented. What did President Johnson mean? Did he mean those only who had been all the time consistent Union men? Certainly not. If he had, he could never have appointed Gov. Holden Provisional Governor. He certainly could mean nothing else, but those who were then reliable Union men. The *Sentinel* went further, and admitted as a matter of accommodation to Northern sentiment, that those individuals who were particularly offensive as secessionists or violent war men, should not manifest a particular desire to take part in the work of reconstruction. And in no Southern State have so few of this class of gentlemen pushed themselves forward or yielded to the wishes of the people, as in North Carolina.

For the liberality shown the people of the South or the State, they are not indebted to the "straitest sect" party. Could their views and wishes have influenced the President, the Brownlow policy would have prevailed over the entire South. We owe the liberality shown us to the magnanimity of President Johnson, whose liberality it is well known is the chief objection to him among the "straitest sect" men. So far from their being the best friends President Johnson has in the State, they are ready to desert him, whenever the weather-guage indicates a better prospect ahead. We believe, the truest, firmest friends President Johnson has in the State, are those who supported Gov. Worth in the late election.

But, ah! that election! Will the sore never get healed? "If Gov. Worth, the editor of the *Sentinel* and their associates," no matter of what kith or kin, "secessionists or war men" had kept faith with the President, and the 'straitest sect,' &c. &c., the Southern States would have been fully in the Union by this time"!! Can the *Standard* be really so credulous as this? Can it believe what the most palpable facts, daily occuring in Congress, positively deny? "But the desire for office, and antipathy to a Union man of the 'straitest sect,' *because he had been a Democrat*, were too strong for love of country or plighted faith," &c. If there was *antipathy*, we know nothing of it. If the people had desired the leader of the "straitest sect," we certainly would have acquiesed. But the antipathy "because he had been a Democrat," is peculiarly remarkable. What say the thousands of Democrats who voted for Mr. Worth? By the way, our readers will stick a pin there. The *on dits* have had it bruited about for several days past, that certain efforts and plans are being engineered about now, looking to the revival of the Democratic party, with the *Standard* to lead! We do not credit the *on dits*. There have been as strange things in this strange world as that, but such an attempt will fail, if attempted.—There are old Democrats made of stuff too stern for that.

Our neighbor is not yet convinced. "At the recent elections in this State there were at least twenty thousand votes unpolled. A large majority of those are "straitest sect" men." Were they intimidated by Confederate or Federal bayonets? O no! "They refused to vote for the Provisional Governor because he had been too liberal to the war men." Exactly! The "straitest sect" men think President Johnson too liberal. They would prefer Chase or Sumner, tomorrow.

Our neighbor rallies the "straitest sect" men. If not strong enough next August, they will be. And yet so far as we can see, they are "growing small by degrees and beautifully less." If the people of North Carolina are true to themselves and true to the country, "strait sectism" and "red string" men will be as scarce as hen's teeth in the next five years. No set of men, no system of principles, which ostracise and degrade and override equals, men having equal claims at least, can survive the test of truth. Whenever such principles fail to be destroyed by that test, in this country, then liberty is gone, and gone forever!

Code for the Freedmen.

This is, perhaps, the most important measure which will come before the Legislature at its present session; at least, no other measure so seriously affects the national relations of the State. On this account we have devoted much space to the carefully prepared and able report of the Commission, appointed to prepare it, on our fourth page. The balance of the report will be given to-morrow.

A mere glance at the report strikes us, that no one, not even the most ultra-radical, can charge the committee with indifference, or inhumanity, or injustice to the colored race, except that they do not propose to admit the colored man to the right of suffrage—a privilege which nine-tenths of them, at least, would have no conception of using correctly.

Perhaps, no recommendation of the committee will meet with more general opposition, than the proposition to allow them to give testimony in our Courts; and yet simple justice to the committee claims that their reasons for it should be heard before they are condemned.—These are embraced in the conclusion of the report.

While we have reason to believe that President Johnson will resist, to the utmost of his power, all attempts to force negro suffrage upon the South, at least, without the severest restrictions, we are equally inclined to believe, that he regards the admission of negro testimony into the Courts, at least so far as they may be parties to the record, as a *necessity*, both as an act of justice to the blacks themselves, as well as a concession to the prejudices of the conservative people of the North.

The Legislature, therefore, will we hope carefully ponder the recommendations of the committee, and will adopt such as a wise prudence and justice to both races demand.

The Legislature---Retrenchment.

Our city cotemporaries are disposed to give a note of warning to the General Assembly. We admonish the members of that body, not to turn a deaf ear entirely to that warning. A sense of poverty was never more keenly felt by our people than at present, and North Carolina ears have always been easily reached by the cry of waste and extravagance in public expenditure. We would therefore urge a careful and wise discretion in all public expenses, without, however, getting down to the level of a niggardly parsimoniousness.

If the Public Schools are to be continued by the appropriation of any part of the Public School Fund, a Superintendent will be necessary. If the proposed investment of its Funds and the draining or sale of the Swamp Lands are to be entered upon, he will be much needed.

Whatever is *necessary* in the way of public expenditure, required by the actual wants of the State, looking to her present or future prosperity, let it be done and wisely done. We have always observed in all matters, that the fault is not in the laying out or expending too much money, but it is in not putting the money in the right place or expending it in the right way. Whenever money is wisely expended, *it will pay*. This should be the rule for the Legislature, always having due regard to the source whence it comes.

But work—prompt and wise work, is demanded of the General Assembly, and the public press periorms its legitimate duty, when it stirs up its pure mind by way of remembrance.

Queries.

Did not the Southern people and the people of North Carolina accept fully the terms of unconditional surrender and pledge a strict observance of it?

Did they not almost as by acclamation accept the reconstruction policy of President Johnson, asembodying those terms, and have they refused or been slow to stand up to them?

Have not the people of North Carolina and the authorities yielded entirely, that the slave is free, and have they not pledged "full legal and fair political rights to them?"

In what instances have the press and people failed to pay that personal respect and courtesy to Federal officers and the Northern people, due them as our conquerors?

Does not every man understand that the Southern people are bound to pay their due proportion of the national debt? What more than that is necessary to its assumption? And have they not readily paid as they have been able, when called on by the collectors? Judge Sears, when here, stated that he had been treated with marked courtesy. It has been so in all cases, except, perhaps, where more has been expected than duty of self-respect required. What more does "a whipped Confederate," in the *Standard*, think should be done? We are ready to do our whole *duty*. So are our people.—Will he enlighten us?

THE WATCHMAN.—We observe that the editor of the *Watchman* kindly twits its exchanges about falling in love with its articles, "the last ninety days of the revolution," and suggests that they are copy righted. We were aware of that, and hence only made an *extract*, which we thought would do the *Watchman* a little more good than it did us.

Weekly Sentinel.

Two numbers of the Weekly *Sentinel* have been issued. It contains a large amount of reading matter, embracing the proceedings of the Legislature, public documents, &c. It is published on Tuesdays at $3 per annum. We expect in a few weeks to enlarge its size very considerably and make other improvements.

The Semi-Weekly *Sentinel* has not yet been issued, but we hope to do so at an early day.

Roanoke.

The *Standard* objects to the allusion of "Roanoke" to President Swain. We stated that we doubted the propriety of several passages in the article. But our cotemporary misjudges the designs of "Roanoke." If we had not been positively assured of the devoted friendship of the author, to the University, the President and all the Professors, we should not have given it a place in our columns.

We are thoroughly committed to the University. It should be sustained at any sacrifice.—We are equally committed to its able President and his associates. We have not a man in the State, whom we consider more necessary to the Institution and to its resuscitation and success, under its difficulties, than President Swain, and we presume no one has any idea of his abandoning it in the hour of trial.

Trustees of the University.

The Legislature, by joint vote, on yesterday, elected three additional Trustees of the University, viz: Messrs. Jno. W. Cameron, of Richmond, Seaton Gales, of Wake, and D. D. Ferebee, of Camden. There are yet two others to be elected.

DR. POWELL.—A telegram was published in this, and the other papers of the city, on Friday last, to the effect that Dr. Powell, "State Agent," was en route for this City, with dispatches, &c. We learn that the inference has been drawn, from this announcement, that the Dr. is still "State Agent," and by appointment of Gov. Worth. This is by no means the case. Gov. Worth recognizes no such officer and claims no right to appoint one.

For the Sentinel.

FRANKLINTON, Jan. 19, 1866.

In response to an invitation by Rev. Henry Hardie, Agent of the American Bible Society, a number of the citizens of this place met this day to form a Bible Society for Franklinton and vicinity.

After satisfactory explanation as to the character of the work to be done, it was resolved to form a Branch Bible Society, auxiliary to the County Bible Society, centering at Louisburg.

The sole object of the Society is to encourage a wider circulation of the Holy Scriptures without note or comment.

After adopting, in the main, the constitution provided by the A. B. Society, the following officers were elected:

Rev. Mr. Wheeler, President,
Rev. G. W. Neal, Vice President,
Dr. J. F. Moss, Secretary,
Mr. J. A. Henley, Treasurer.
Mr. A. D. Ellis,
Dr. L. W. Martin, } Executive Committee.
Mr. J. S. Joyner,

Arrangements are made for getting a supply of Bibles and Testaments.

Yours, M.

Death of Frederika Bremer.

The last European steamer brings news of the death of Frederika Bremer, the Swedish authoress, well known and highly esteemed in this country for various excellent qualities, and standing by the side of some of the most popular female writers in every part of Europe. The following is a brief sketch of her life:

She was born in Abo, Finland, in 1802, and spent her early years in Sweden and Norway.—For some time she was a school teacher in Stockholm. In 1850-51, Miss Bremer visited this country, and was received with great cordiality in literary and social circles.

Mary Howitt translated her principal works into English. "The Neighbors" being the most marked success. Her novels are all tales of domestic life and love; and are permeated with a genial humor and a kindly spirit. Some of the characters are admirable. Few of her readers will forget little "Petrea," with her unfortunate big nose, or the tutor who was noted as "a devourer of rusks." Miss Bremer, after her visit to this country, wrote "The Homes of the New World," in which she gave an account of many people she met in this country. She also wrote another book of travels, entitled "England in 1851." Miss Bremer always took a warm interest in this country, and her death will be sad news to many personal friends here, as well as to the reading public generally. For the last few years she had lived in retirement in Stockholm.

From the New York Times.

Zeta Psi Fraternity.

The nineteenth annual convention of this fraternity, which enjoys so wide a popularity among the various educational institutions of the Union, met on Wednesday, December 27th, at the Cooper Institute. The meeting was well attended by delegates from all parts of the country, North and South. Among the latter, were Col. J. W. Hinsdale, Maj. W. T. Ennett, Captains W. H. Johnston and W. H. L. Burgwyn, and Lt. P. H. Adams, who had served four years in the Confederate army.

The Southern members were most cordially received by their Northern brothers, and the friendliest feeling prevailed throughout.

This fraternity was founded in 1847. It has now sixteen chapters, and from each of these chapters delegates are annually chosen to represent them in the Convention, which is always held in this city on the Wednesday following Christmas.

France.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—A special despatch to the *News*, says that a letter from a gentleman in Paris, dated Jan. 4th, has been received here, describing and interview between the Emperor Napoleon an the American Minister. Napoleon spoke on the Mexican question, and expressed his determination to preserve friendly relations with the United States, and said he wished to withdraw the French troops as soon as he could be assured that our policy of neutrality toward Mexico will be continued. He intimated, however, very plainly that he would never abandon Maximilian so long as there was any danger that the United States would pull down what he built up at so much expense. All he would ask was that we should not interfere with the present Government of Mexico, the permanency and stability of which, if left to itself, he was convinced would be secured. The correspondent adds: "I have reason to believe that despatches from Mr. Bigelow, containing a full report of this interview, were received by the State Department by the last steamer."

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SENATE.

TUESDAY, Jan. 30.

The Senate was called to order at 11 o'clock A. M.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Cobb, of the Baptist Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

A message was received from the House with a communication from the Public Treasurer, asking that he may be permitted to issue certificates under his seal, which are frequently asked for, relating to matters connected with the department, and that the clerk be allowed reasonable fees for furnishing them.

Mr. Morehead, from the Committee on the Judiciary reported back the bill for the relief of Landlords, and recommended that it be rejected.

Mr. Leach, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported back the bill to incorporate the Weldon Enterprise and Loan Company, and reccommended that it do pass.

Mr. Howard, from the same committee reported back the bill for the more complete organization of the State Government, with a recommendation that it do pass; on motion the rules were suspended, and that bill passed its final reading.

A message from the House, transmitting the bill to incorporate the Peidmont Rail Road was read. (The object of the bill was to change the guage of the Peidmont Road, to the of the Danville and Richmond Road.)

Mr. Ferebee arose and said:

It was not usual under the restrictions imposed by parliamentary rules, for the speaker of a legislative assembly, to participate in the discussions of the body over which he presides. On important occasions, however, or when the subject under discussion is one of great magnitude, in which his constituents are immediately and distinctly interested, it is not unusual, at his request to grant such permission. The subject now before the Senate is one of much importance to the State of North Carolina. The people of Rockingham county, are especially interested in it. By request, therefore, Mr. F. said, he asked that leave be granted, by the Senate, to the speaker to be heard on it.

The request was granted.

Mr. Speaker Settle led off in an able speech in support of the bill, at some length. Mr. E. D. Hall strongly opposed the bill, urging that the interests of the State required that that Road should be kept in a crippled condition. Mr. Morehead spoke warmly in support of the bill, showing its advantages by various facts and arguments. Several other gentlemen took part in the discussion, and the bill was finally placed on the calendar.

Mr. Gash introduced a bill to repeal that part of section 2nd, chap. 68, of the Revised Code, which relates to bonds on marriage licenses, which passed its first reading, and was referred to the Committee on Finance.

On motion of Mr. Leach, the bill to compel County and Superior Court Clerks, and Clerks and Masters in Equity who do not reside in town, to have deputies appointed to attend to business in their absence, was taken up, read and amended, but, on motion, the bill was tabled.

The bill to amend chap. 101, sec. 9, of the Revised Code, entitled roads, bridges, and ferries, came up on its third reading, and was referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

The bill authorizing the per diem and mileage of Council of State, passed its third reading.

The bill concerning the burning of the public records of the county of Sampson, passed its third reading.

A message from the House proposing to go forthwith into the election of five additional trustees for the University of North Carolina, concurred in, and the name of Mr. Englehar being withdrawn, the Senate voted as follows: Ferebee 33, Bynum 24, Cameron 17, Hyman 15 Jenkins 15, Bishop Atkinson 16, Jones 18, Wilson 11, Haughton 6, Gales 6, Marsh 8, scattering 21.

On motion the Senate adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

TUESDAY, Jan. 30th. 1866.

The House was called to order at 10 o'clock A. M.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Whitfield of the Baptist Church.

The Journal of yesterday was read, and approved.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Public Treasurer, suggesting that he be allowed to give certificates under seal of the Treasury Department, in regard to laws of this State, and facts appearing from the books of the Treasury Office to parties interested; and that reasonable Clerk fees be allowed for the same. Sent to the Senate with a proposition to refer to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Manly, for the Judiciary Committee, submitted sundry reports, which will be noticed in detail hereafter. Among these was "a bill to protect the culture of the Grape and other fruits," introduced in response to Mr. Teague's resolution of inquiry as to what legislation is necessary for the protection of vine and fruit-growing. The bill passed 1st. reading and was placed on the aalendar.

Mr. Smith, of Hertford, presented a number of reports from the Finance Committee, also a report from the Committee appointed to establish a scale of depreciation of Confederate Currency—stating that the Committee had adopted the gold dollar as the standard of value and fixed a scale ascertaining the rate of its monthly depreciation. A detailed report had been made in the Senate. The committee asked to be discharged from a further consideration of the resolution referred. Discharged accordingly.

Mr. Blackmer, for the Committee on Corporations submitted sundry reports as to matters referred.

Mr. Kenan, from the committee that superintended on yesterday, the election had for five trustees of the University, reported: Whole number of votes cast, 138. Necessary to a choice 70. No election.

On motion of Mr. Allison, the House took from the table "a bill to authorize a court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for the County of Cabarrus." The bill was amended in some particulars at Mr. Allison's, instance, and passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.

SPECIAL ORDER.

At eleven o'clock, the House proceeded to consider "a bill concerning Negroes, Indians and persons of color, or of mixed blood," reported from the commission appointed to prepare a code for the government of Freedmen.

On motion of Mr. Rayner, the House resolved itself into a committee of the whole.

At the Speaker's request Mr. Rayner took the chair.

On motion of Mr. Phillips, the bill was read by sections.

The first section having been read, Mr. Phillips said that the bill was badly printed—appeared in some respects to have been deliberately misprinted. With regard to this section, a preliminary question arose, whether the Legislature was prepared to change the existing law and designate Indians hereafter as "persons of color." He objected to the definition which the commission had given to the term "negro." They use, as it were, the unknown quantity, in their answer to the question "what is a negro?" They define a "negro" as one descended from "negro" ancestors, to the fourth generation inclusive. There, he said, an evident intention to define, without definition, for the definition contained the very words intended to be defined. Mr. Phillips proposed the following as a substitute for the first and second sections:

"Negroes and Indians and their issue, even when one ancestor in each succeeding generation, to the fourth inclusive, shall be white, are to be deemed persons of color; and by that phrase may be comprehended, in all action s of the Legislative or Judicial departmeats of the government. And in questions under this section, the ancestors by whose act the blood was first mixed, shall be reckoned as the first generation."

Mr. Phillips further objected to the expression, "original ancestors," as exceedingly indefinite, unless we should go back to the days of Adam and Eve.

Mr. Manly suggested the propriety of testing the sense of the committee as to including Indians, in the first section, under the term "persons of color" before taking action on the amendment proposed by Mr. Phillips.

Mr. Smith of Hertford, concurred with Mr. Phillips in his strictures upon the 1st section of the bill. He thought there was manifest looseness and impropriety in using the word to be defined, in its own definition. He was also opposed to including Indians under the designation "persons of color." There was no good reason for degrading them to a level with the negro.

Mr. Hoke thought that some one should raise a voice in behalf of the Indians. They had remained here under their treaties and were thus deprived of the rights which those who had imigrated had obtained. He thought the Indian should be allowed the same, if not greater, rights and immunities, than are accorded to negroes. If the term "Indian" is stricken from the first section, as proposed, negroes would be allowed to testify and Indians would not. To this he was utterly opposed.

Mr. Phillips modified his amendment as follows, and in this form it was adopted as a substitute for the first and second sections:

"Negroes and their issue, even where one ancestor in each succeeding generation to the fourth inclusive shall be white, shall be deemed persons of color; and by that phrase may be comprehended in all action of the legislative or judicial departments of the government."

Sundry other amendments were discussed and adopted or rejected. (The Reporter deems it useless to publish these, for the reason that they would be wholly unintelligible to the general reader apart from their respective contexts.—Were he to give an elaborate statement of the bearing of each amendment, it would necessarily lengthen his report without adding to its interest. The bill will be published in full as soon as it is perfected.)

On motion of Mr. Blackmer, the committee rose. Mr. Rayner, (the chairman,) reported progress, and asked leave for the committee to sit again at eleven o'clock to-morrow. Report concurred in—leave granted.

On motion of Mr. McNair, a message was sent to the Senate proposing to go forthwith into an election for five Trustees of the University.

The names of Messrs. Hutchison, Cowles, Amis, Whitford, Caldwell and Cowan were withdrawn.

Mr. Caldwell nominated Bishop Atkinson, and Revs. Alexander Wilson, (Presbyterian,) R. H. Marsh, (Baptist,) and Turner M. Jones, (Methodist Episcopal.)

Mr. McDonald said he thought that Trustees should be elected who lived "in striking distance of the University. He had heard it intimated that only members of the Legislature stood any chance of election. He trusted this was not the case, but that all would "harmonize," and elect competent men, who did not reside at too great distance from the University to attend conveniently to the duties devolving upon Trustees.

The Senate, by message, concurred in the proposition to proceed forthwith to the election of Trustees, and announced the additional nomination in that body of Rev. N. Shotwell.

The House proceeded to vote, and having voted adjourned.

[The bill to amend chapter 114, revised code, introduced on Saturday, was introduced by Mr. Smith of Columbus, not by Mr. Jones as stated.)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HENRY M. GILES
WITH
GRIFFIN, BRO. & CO.,
GROCERS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Importers and Dealers in
Foreign and Domestic Liquors,
Tobacco, Cigars, &c.
No. 105 WEST LOMBARD STREET,
and
No. 2 BALDERSTON STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.
S. H. GRIFFIN, S. H. GRIFFIN, A. CAPEHART.
Jan. 31, 146, 1m.

AUCTION SALES.

Wednesday Evening, Jan. 31st, 1866.

WILL be sold at Towles' Auction and Commission Store, sale to commence at 7 o'clock, A variety of Dry Goods, Ready-made Clothing and ancy Goods.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
Jan. 31-1t. Auctioneer.

SALT! SALT!!

150 SACKS of dry N. C. Salt in store on consignment.
JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.
Jan. 31, 146, 1w.

JOHN S. DANCY, of Tarboro, N. C. JOHN H HYMAN, late of Scotland Neck, N. C.
F. M. HYMAN, late of Warrenton, N. C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
FOR THE
Sale of all kinds of Southern Produce,
—AND—
Agents for procuring and forwarding
White Laborers to the South.
Office No. 80 Cedar Street, New York.

Dr. John Arrington, late of Warrenton, N. C., can be found with us, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends.

All produce consigned to us will meet with prompt shipping attention by the following Agents:

W. H. McRARY & CO.,	Wilmington, N. C.
WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,	Newberne, "
GEO. H. BROWN & CO.,	Washington, "
RICKS, HILL & CO.,	Norfolk, Va.

Jan. 30, 145, tf.

CARD.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In the published proceedings of the Legislature, it appears that the Senator from Cumberland and Harnett, Gen. A. D. McLean, caused the names of the subscribers to be stricken from the list of magistrates for Cumberland county—the list, with our names upon it, having passed the House of Commons without objection as to ourselves.

We have not sought appointment as magistrates—our recommendation was not of our solicitation, even, indeed, without our knowledge; and we are at some loss why we were singled out by the General as the only persons fit for proscription. We have both held commissions as magistrates since 1862-'63, have been commissioners of the town of Fayetteville since 1864, and as such are now in office by the will of the people of our town, as recently expressed. We do not know why the General opposes us, unless because he considered us "weak kneed Belshazzers" in the "latter days of the Confederacy,"—any about the time that certain persons *promised* to perform prodigies of valor in the event "one Mr. Sherman should swing around this way"—because we did not 'stump Cumberland and Harnett, and *promise* to "die in the last ditch, rather than have the Confederacy subjugated." No, there is no reason for the "taking off" bestowed upon us, except that we did not, as *some* others did, *say* fight, when we did not *mean* to do any of the fighting ourselves.

If these be the reasons why our names were stricken from the list of magistrates—if the Legislature shall determine that none but "last man and last dollar" individuals—none but "fight it out" (but never fight) men—none but those who *talked* war, and acted as the General did, are to be appointed Justices of the Peace, then we will not be entirely without consolation, even if the General's "great shot" should take effect.

A. G. THORNTON,
JAS. R. LEE.

Jan 31, 146, 2t

T. J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN, D. T. CARRAWAY.
NORTH CAROLINA
AGRICULTURAL HOUSE
AND
HARDWARE STORE.
MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
22 *Pollock Street*, *Newbern, N. C.*
Water Street, *Wilmington, "*

KEEP a large and carefully selected stock of
Farmers',
Millers',
Builders',
Mechanics', and
Housekeepers' Tools,
AND OTHER
Hardware,
Agricultural Implements.
Leather and Rubber Belting,
Rope,
Saddlery,
Iron,
Steel, &c., &c.
and can furnish, at short notice, any kind of
Machinery or Castings.
Agents for
R. Hoe & Co.'s Circular Saws,
Fairbank's Scales,
Evans & Watson's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,
which we sell at manufacturers' prices.

We invite particular attention to our stock and feel confident that our facilities and experience will enable us to offer superior inducements to purchasers.
Jan. 30, 145, tf.

NOTICE.

I SHALL offer for sale, at public auction, on Tuesday, 27th of February next, the farm on which I now reside, situated partly in Nash, and partly in Edgecombe Counties, N C. This farm contains nine hundred and seventy-five acres, of which one-third is in a high state of cultivation and well adapted to the growth of cotton, corn and oats. The other portion is well timbered and peculiarly valuable on account of the growing demand for lumber in the vicinity.

I will sell, at the same time, my stock of all kinds, including Horses, Mules, Cows and Calves, Sheep, Sows and Pigs, and all of good breeds.

—ALSO—

five hundred barrels of Corn, a large quantity of Fodder and Shucks, farming Utensils of all kinds, Wagons and Carts, a fine collection of Carpenters' Tools, and about twenty thousand pounds of Pork already killed and salted.

All this property will be sold under the hammer of Mr. J. J. Alston, well known as an accomplished auctioneer.

This property is peculiarly valuable, from the fact that it is within easy access of the Wilmington and Weldon Rail Road being only three miles from one station and six from another. Location remarkably healthy.

Terms made known on day of sale.
J. W. PARKER.
Jan. 30, 145, tds.

☞ New York *Times* copy six times and forward bill to this office.

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS,
Crop of 1865,
COMPRISING all the popular varieties, just received, and for sale at the Drug Store of
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
Jan. 30, 145, 2w.

FOR SALE, or RENT,

THE House and Farm, [consisting of some 300 or 400 acres,] owned by Mrs. Frank P Haywood, about one mile east of the Capitol. Apply to
W. R. MILLER, Agent.
Raleigh Jan 30, 145, 1w.
☞ Standard and Progress copy 1w.

TWO ROOMS,
AT
MRS. M. J. FENTRESS

A FEW more gentlemen can be accomodated with good boarding and lodging.
Any wishing board will please make application immediately No 15 Fayetteville Street.
Jan. 27-142-tm15.

Day Board.

THREE gentlemen, members of the Legislature or others, can be accommodated with day board by calling upon Mrs. Hill.
Residence on Fayetteville Street, second house below Davie Street, nearly opposite Yarborough Hotel. Terms moderate. Jan. 30, 145, 3t, pd.

Substitute for Peruvian Guano,
AT LESS
Than Half the Cost!
BAUGH'S RAW BONE
Super-Phosphate of Lime.
BAUGH & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,
Store No. 20 South Delaware Avenue.
PHILADELPHIA.

THIS valuable Manure has been before the agricultural public, under one name for twelve years past, and its character for vigor of action and permanence in effect is well established. Before the war, it was introduced, to some extent, in the Southern States, and was found to be highly adapted to
Cotton, Tobacco, and all Crops.
In its action, it is as quick as Peruvian Guano, while it does not leave the land in an exhausted state, but on the other hand permanently improves it. This has been fully proven by years of trial.
See pamphlet to be had of the Agent below.
BAUGH & SONS,
Sole Manufacturers,
Philadelphia.
For sale by J. M. TOWLES,
Raleigh, N. C.
Jan 29, 144, 1aw3m.

DAILY SENTINEL.

Wednesday, January 31, 1866.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Towles's announces another of his attractive and popular auctions for this evening, and, also, a fine article of salt.

Messrs. Thornton and Lee publish a Card of a personal nature.

Henry M. Giles, well and favorably known in this community, announces his connection with the firm of Russell, Bro. & Co., Baltimore. He will, doubtless, be called on by his old friends.

Gen. R. C. Cotton, of Chatham County, died at his home on Saturday last. He was an old man, a soldier in the war of 1812, and a soldier in the late war. He had represented Chatham repeatedly in the Legislature.

Tournaments appear to be all the rage. A very interesting one came off at Clayton last week, we learn. Also, quite a spirited one at Salem in this State.

J. N. Bunting, Esq., has qualified as Clerk of the Superior Court of Wake, and entered upon the duties of his office. We hope the Colonel will not soon have to march back to his *case, stick* in hand, and call for his *take*.

The Schools and Colleges.

Most of the schools and colleges of the State, have a smaller number of students than formerly, but we are glad to learn that they are doing well.

The Salem Female Academy, St. Mary's in this city, Kittrell's Springs Female College, Warrenton and Louisburg Female Colleges, are all doing well we believe.

Trinity College and several of the male schools, are also meeting with encouragement. Let the children be educated by all means.

DEAD.—The Hon. Henry W. Connor died at his residence at Beattie's Ford, in Lincoln county, on the 15th inst., aged 73 years. In former years, Mr. Connor was one of the prominent men of North Carolina, having represented this Congressional District in the United States Congress for 20 years.—*Charlotte Democrat.*

The night prowlers are still operating in this vicinity, and appropriating whatever they can find that is worth stealing. Among other sufferers by their depredations, is Col. John H. White, of Winston, whose corn house was feloniously entered some nights since, and thirty-five bushels of corn stolen. Bread is difficult to obtain just now, and a loss of this kind is no slight one.—*Winston Sentinel.*

GARDENING.—We mentioned, a few days since, that one of our neighbors, just in the suburbs of town, is planting 45 acres in garden vegetables alone. But it turns out that this is only a circumstance, compared with Mr. Henry T. Schroder's garden, beyond the Trent. He tells us that he has 150 acres prepared and will cultivate that amount in vegetables this season.
Newbern Times.

The steamship El Cid, of Goodspeed's Line, to Wm. H. Oliver & Co., Agents, arrived last evening. The Cid brings out a large cargo of merchandize, also a large number of German and Swiss emigrants, who are to be employed by Mr. Thomas H. Atkinson and Wm. F. Atkinson on their plantations in Wayne County.—*Newbern Times.*

ONE HUNDRED YEARS OLD.—The Moravian town of Salem, in North Carolina, reaches the centennial anniversary of its settlement on the 19th of the approaching February, on which occasion appropriate ceremonies will be observed in celebration of the event. The church will be handsomely decorated, and the services, including a jubilee sermon on the 19th, will be conducted in accordance with Moravian customs on such occasions.

GENERAL NEWS.

It is said the President will issue a proclamation declaring the "rebellion" at an end and the South restored to the Union, as soon as he hears of the satisfactory condition of affairs in Texas from Governor Hamilton.

The venerable Bishop Morris, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, is suffering from an attack of paralysis.

A law has just gone into effect in Alabama prohibiting negroes from carrying arms.

General Sheridan is said to have received explicit orders to enforce a strict neutrality on the Rio Grande.

Many Republicans now admit that the constitutional amendment stands no chance to pass even in the House.

Gen. Jno. B. Gordan (late C. S. A.) is erecting five steam saw mills at Brunswick, Ga., and will soon have sixty ship loads of timber for shipment.

One of the largest slaveholders in Southern Kentucky has gone mad on account of the liberation of his slaves, and is now an inmate of the lunatic asylum at Hopkinsville, Kentucky.

A couple who had been married only eight days were divorced in Chicago last week on the ground of incompatibility of temper. The wife was less than sixteen years old.

William Graham, of Nashua, Chickasaw county, Illinois, has suddenly found himself worth $45,000,000. It comes from his great-grandfather's estate in Scotland.

Both Houses of the Georgia Legislature agreed to elect judges on Friday last. The Senate proposed to elect Senators on 15th of February.

Hon. F. A. Conkling has been appointed Collector of the Port of New York.

Hon. Nicholas Smith, of Kansas, has been appointed Minister to Greece—the first American Minister to that country.

Experiments are being made in New York for the use of petroleum as a heat to steam generators.

Murders and robberies in great numbers are reported from the interior of Mississippi.

The London *Times* pronounces the African slave trade as practically extinct.

Mrs. Gen. Ewell has offered to sell her residence in Nashville to the State of Tennessee for a gubernatorial residence. The price asked is $100,000.

General Patton, of Alabama, informs the editor of the Montgomery *Mail* that the United States soldiers will certainly be withdrawn from that State as soon as the militia is properly organized.

TELEGRAPHIC.

By the American Telegraph Company.

From the Rio Grande

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 30.

The official correspondence between Weitzel and Mejia in reference to the Bagdad affair, has been published. The former states that he sent 300 men to Bagdad as an act of humanity and not to perform military service. Mejia replies briefly, stating that he had notified his government of the occurrence.

The French naval commander, before his departure for Vera Cruz to report matters, officially protested against the invasion of Mexico by American soldiers.

Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.

SENATE.—The Senate was engaged in the discussion of the bill giving protection to persons in their civil status.

Mr. Trumbull withdrew his amendment, offered on yesterday, relative to declaring *all* persons of African descent, born in the United States, citizens thereof, and substituted one declaring all persons in the United States, or not subject to any foreign power, citizens, without distinction of race or color.

HOUSE.—The House recommended the Constitutional amendment relative to representation, though without instructions, to the Committee on reconstruction.

It then took up and considered the Senate bill to enlarge the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau.

A resolution, extending the courtesy of the floor to the members elect from Arkansas, was disagreed to.

Markets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.

Cotton advanced. Sales of 2,800 bales at 49 @50.

Gold 40½.

Advertisements.

Fresh Garden Seed to be had at Williams & Haywood's.

Day Board to be had at Mrs. Hill's.

A fine Edgecombe farm for sale by J. W. Parker, Esq.

Dr. Miller offers a farm near the city for sale or rent.

The numerous friends of Stephen D. Lee' late a prominent General of the Confederate army, will be gratified to learn that he is in excellent health and spirits. He now resides near Columbus, Mississippi, where he married last year. The General is engaged in planting, and writes cheeringly and hopefully as to the future.

A petition asking the pardon of Judge J. A. Campbell, will be presented to the President.

The population of Louisville, Ky., is over 150,000. In 1860 it was 83,000.

MARRIED:

In this City, on the morning of the 30th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. R. S. Mason, D. D., Judge D. G. Fowle to Miss Mary E. only daughter of Dr. F. J. Haywood.

On the evening of January 24th, 1866, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. T. W. Moore, Alexander S. Webb, (late Adjutant 44th North Carolina Troops) of Oaks, to Mary Annabella, daughter of Rev. Junius P. Moore, of Person County.

On the 25th of January, by the Rev. J. M. Atkinson, at the residence of the bride's mother, in Johnston county, Mr. B. W. Young to Miss Mary E. McLean, all of Johnston county.

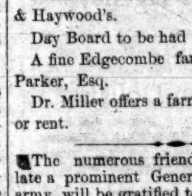
HENRY R. BRYAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NEWBERNE, N. C.
Dec. 29-118-3m.

C. W. WESTBROOKS, G. W ALBRIGHT.
WESTBROOK & ALBRIGHT,
NURSERYMEN AND DEALERS IN
Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Grape-Vines, Strawberries, and other small fruits, Evergreens, Roses, Shrubbery, &c.

They would call special attention to a choice lot of Dwarf Pear, Apple and Cherry trees, and the advantage of planting them for early and abundant crops of excellent fruit.

Nursery-store and office at present on corner of Davie and Sycamore Streets,
Greensboro', N. C.
List of prices sent to applicants
Jan. 28, 141, 2m.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS,



Are the most perfect purgative which we are able to produce, or which we think has ever yet been made by any body. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the ordinary medicines in use. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart a healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases. While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and, being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm. Cures have been made which surpass belief, were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character, as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliabilities of our remedies, while others have sent us the assurance of their conviction that our Preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted, suffering fellow men.

The Agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis our American Almanac, containing directions for the use, and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:

Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid Inaction of the bowels and pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, all Diseases which require an evacuant medicine. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body or obstruction of its functions.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations which they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S and take no other. The sick want the best and there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & Co., and sold by
Williams & Haywood, P. F. Pescud, Raleigh, N. C., and Dealers generally.
Jan 27, 142, 2m.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

I HAVE made arrangements by which I can supply customers with fresh,
Norfolk Oysters,
Every night after the arrival of the Weldon train, Price $2 per gallon At
Jan. 27-142-1w. T. T. FENTRESS.

Important Sale.

WILL be sold at public sale, in four miles of Weldon, N. C., on the 31st of January, all the stock, cattle, crops, &c., of the Austin estate, including 10,000 to 12,000 pounds of new Bacon, and 600 barrels of Corn.
Halifax County, Jan. 25, 141, tds, pd.

RALEIGH, 1866.

LIFE INSURANCE NOTICE.

THE old and well established
Ætna Company, of Hartford,
Offers superior inducements to all who wish to provide for family or friends.

All losses are promptly paid. No case of litigation has ever occurred with this Company. With assetts of $2,300,000, it offers to receive one half of the premium in a note and half in cash, and, after the second year, to credit each customer with the dividends of the Company, which are now 50 per cent. With a small outlay, $5000, or $10,000, or $20,000, may be secured to the family after their earthly providers are taken away. What father or husband would not feel thankful on his dying couch, that he had availed himself of every proper means to place those nearest and dearest to him, above the pinchings of want, and a life of dependence upon friends or charity? 8,819 policies have been issued from the office ending Jan. 15, 1866. The total income for the year 1865 was $1,683,339 57; total disbursements $527,805 24, leaving a balance to surplus fund of $1,155,234 33.

In Raleigh, a large number have liberally responded and promptly acted in this matter; yet many delay, and may wait until it is too late. A man in this city lately left his place of business for his evening meal, well and healthy, but never reached that home except as he was carried there to die. Had that man taken the advice of the Agent, he might have left $5000 to minister to the necessities of a sorrowing family. Delays are dangerous, procrastination destructive. But one says, "If I only had confidence in the Company that it would pay, I would insure." Well, it never has failed to pay, and to-day is more responsible than ever before. It is patronized by some of the most sagacious minds in the land—men competent to detect and expose any deception if it existed.

W. H. CROW, Gen. State Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
W. B. GULICK, Local Ag't, "
N. H. B. WILSON, Greensboro.
C. W. DOWNING, Charlotte.
JOHN C. SLOCUMB, Goldsboro.
MITCHELL & ALLEN, Newbern.
Jan. 27, 142, 3m.

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES.

Bank of North Carolina	30
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	20
" Lexington	20
" Roxborough	30
" Wadesborough	15
" Thomasville	20
" Wilmington	15
" Commerce	15
" Washington	8
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	8
" Yanceyville	10
Miners' and Planters' Bank	25
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	25
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	12½
Merchants' Bank, Newbern	25
Greensborough Mutual	10
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	18
Georgia "	20
Gold	13⅓
Silver	13⅓
Old Coupons	50
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	90
Old Sixes	80
Exchange on New York	¼

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	22
" Commerce	16
" Clarendon	10
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	22
" North Carolina Gold	25
" Roxboro	30
" Thomasville	25
" Wadesboro	16
" Wilmington	16
" Washington	10
" Yanceyville	10
Commercial Wilmington	14
Farmers' Greensboro	25
Greensboro Mutual	10
Merchants', Newbern	30
Miners' and Planters'	25
Virginia Bank notes, average	20
South Carolina "	16
Georgia "	12½
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old North Carolina Coupons	50
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	90
North Carolina 6's, ten Coupons on	82
Exchange on New York	½

MARKET REPORT.

CORRECTED DAILY BY JORDAN WOMBLE,
Grocer and Commission Merchant for all kinds of Country Produce.

APPLES—Dried	$2 00 @ bush
Green	2 50 @ bush
BACON—Firm	20@25 ₱ lb
BEEF	8c ₱ lb
BUTTER	40c ₱ lb
BLUESTONE	40c ₱ lb
BEESWAX	30c ₱ lb
CANDLES	35@37½ ₱ lb
COTTON YARN	3 50 ₱ bale.
COTTON	30@33c ₱ lb
CHEESE	35c ₱ lb
CHICKENS	35c ₱ each
COFFEE	40c ₱ lb
CORN	1 25 ₱ bush
EGGS	30 ₱ doz
FRESH PORK	12½@15c ₱ lb
FODDER	2 00 ₱ cwt.
FLOUR—Superfine	10 50 ₱ bbl
Family	13 00 ₱ bbl
HIDES—Green	10c ₱ lb
Dry	15c ₱ lb
HAY	1 00 ₱ cwt.
HONEY—In comb	27c ₱ lb
LAMB	10@12c ₱ lb
LARD	38c ₱ lb
MEAL	1 40 ₱ lb
MULLETTS	18 50 ₱ bbl
MACKEREL	20 00 ₱ bbl
NAILS	12½c ₱ lb
ONIONS	2 00 ₱ bush
PEACHES—Dried	20c ₱ lb
PEAS—White	1 00 ₱ bush
Stock	1 00 ₱ bush
POTATOES—Irish	1 00 ₱ bush
Sweet	90 ₱ bush
SUGAR—Crushed	35c ₱ lb
Brown	20c ₱ lb
SYRUP	75c ₱ gal
SODA—Cooking	20c ₱ lb
SALT	2 00 ₱ bush
TALLOW	10c ₱ lb
HERRINGS	15 00 ₱ bbl
RICE	15c ₱ lb
SOAP—Turpentine	20c ₱ lb
RAGS	3c ₱ lb

If You are threatened with Pneumonia, read the following from Capt. W. P. Davis, of Petersburg, Virginia:

"Sympathy for the suffering prompts me to certify that my servant man was suffering in the last stage of Pneumonia, throwing up matter and blood in large quantities; his case was considered hopeless, so much so, that there was no medical prescription used for his recovery; I regarded him as good as dead. Hearing of the great cures made by the SOUTHERN HEPATIC PILLS, I thought that I would try an experiment on him; without any hope of success, however, I gave the Pills in large doses; in a short time, to my great surprise, there was a change for the better. I continued giving them to him until he became a perfectly sound man. He is now attending to his work with as much strength and vigor as he ever did. With his case, and what I have seen and heard of the good effect of these Pills, I do most earnestly recommend them as the best family medicine I have ever seen or used."

For sale by the Druggists. Directions accompanying each box. Sent to any part of the United States for $3 a dozen. Address,
GEORGE W. DEEMS,
jan 5-1m Baltimore, Md.

WANTED.

A SITUATION by a widow lady, competent to teach the English branches and French. A small salary sufficient, and a good home for myself and two little children.
Address MRS. E. T. McRAE,
Jan. 27, 142, 1w Suffolk Va.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the present General Assembly, for the passage of a law to extend the limits of the Town of Swansboro', Onslow county, and other purposes.
Jan. 27, 142, 1w.

Office Chatham R. R. Company,
RALEIGH, Jan. 26, 1866.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Stockholders of the Chatham Rail Road Company is hereby called to meet at the office of the Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road, in Raleigh, on Thursday, the 1st proximo, with a view to the reduction of the capital stock of the Company.
By order of Board of Directors,
W. W. VASS,
Jan. 27, 142, tlF. Secretary & Treasurer.

Direct Importation.

NOW landing per Ex. Brig Benj. Carver from Cardenas,—
275 Hhds. bright new crop Cardenas Molasses.
64 Tierces " " "
37 Barrells " " "
Orders, accompanied by the cash, will be promptly filled at lowest market rates.
O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.
Jan. 24, 140, 1w, &2t, w.

CENTER OF ATTRACTION.

IT is a fact universally acknowledged that the New Style pictures made at
Watson's Photograph Gallery,
cannot be surpassed for artistic skill and beauty.
Ivorytypes, Cartes de Visete, Ambrotypes, plain and colored Photographs, life size, Portraits colored in Oil, are all made in the very best style.
Call and examine specimens of the art.
Raleigh, Jan. 29, 144, 3m.

HART & LEWIS,
44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.,
AGENTS FOR
STEWART'S "Extension Top," "Queen of the South," and "Western Empire" Cooking Stoves.
J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS,
Jan 22, 138, tf. 44 Fayetteville Street.

WARRENTON FEMALE COLLEGE

WARRENTON, N. C.

THE SPRING SESSION WILL BEGIN ON Wednesday, January 24th, 1866.
Ample facilities afforded for a thorough education.
For circulars, address E. E. PARHAM.
Jan 23, 139, 1m.

GREAT SENSATION!!

The Parisian Monarch Dethroned!!!

THE WORLD OF FASHION
AT
FARRISS & LACK'S,
SELECTING THEIR OUTFIT FROM THEIR fresh arrivals of Goods, consisting of
New Broadcloths,
Beaver Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Ready-made Clothing,
Hats and Caps,
Splendid Overcoats,
Collars,
Cravats,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
Valises,
Handkerchiefs,
&c., &c., &c., &c.
Call and inspect Goods and Garments.

Fine Merchant Tailoring
is still carried on, but upon a larger basis than ever before attempted in the South.
An Entire Suit of Clothes
made up, at any moment, on 12 hours' notice.

Their Goods are all new, they have a splendid Cutter, and Needlemen whose work will compare favorably with any executed in Europe or in this country.
Jan 5-126—3m.

SELLING AT COST!!

KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.,

AT THE OLD STAND OF S. H. YOUNG,

21 *Fayetteville Street,*

Raleigh, N. C.

ARE SELLING OFF THEIR ENTIRE STOCK at
New York Cost.

Dress Goods and Calicoes
AT COST!
Hats, Boots and Shoes,
Groceries and Cigars,
AT COST!
Fine Old Brandy, Gin and Whiskey,
In Bottles,
—ALSO—
Superior Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Per Gallon or Barrel.

Dealers and the public generally will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock.
KELLOGG, WHEELER & CO.
Raleigh, N. C., Jan. 16-133-3m.

Select Boarding and Day School.
HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK will re-open their school on Friday, 2nd of February, 1866.
Circulars forwarded on application.
Jan. 4, 124, 6w.

Fresh Garden and Grass Seed,
OF SUPERB QUALITY,
Warranted as represented from R. BUIST, the celebrated Seedsman of Philadelphia.
Growth of 1865.
at PESCUD'S.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED A large supply of Garden and Grass Seed, of the most choice varieties for sale wholesale and retail.
Call and get an Almanac. My friends throughout the State, can send memorandums by the members of the Legislature. P. F. PESCUD.
January 18, 1866.—135 tf.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION WILL BE MADE TO THE ENsuing General Assembly, for an Act to incorporate the "*Carolina Joint Stock Insurance and Trust Company.*"
Jan 17, 136, 1m pd

GEO W. DILL,
Commission and Forwarding Merchant,
AND AGENT FOR MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMship Line, Morehead City.
Jan 1 119-3m

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER MAY BE FOUND WITH Hart & Lewis, No. 44 Fayetteville Street. He respectfully invites his old customers and the public, to the extensive assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY and HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS now in store.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, Jan'y 10-128—3m.

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

We invite special attention of purchasers to our large and interesting stock of
Miscellaneous Hardware,
Wooden Ware,
Willow Ware,
Crockery Ware,
Glass] Ware,
China]Ware,
Pot and Hollow Ware,
Stone Ware,
Tin Ware,
Iron and Steel Buggy Material,
Bridles,
Saddles,
Harness,
Collars, &c.,
Lamp Lanterns,
Oils, Paints,
Varnishes and Brushes.
—ALSO—
FAMILY GROCERIES.
In fact, for anything in the
House-Keeping Line.
Call at
44 Fayetteville Street,
J. BROWN,
WITH HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh, Jan 15, 132, tf.

These inventions stand approved as the "best" by the most eminent Scientific and Surgical Societies of the world, the inventor having been honored with the award of FIFTY GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS (or "First Prizes") including the Great Medals of the World's Exhibition in London and New York; also the most Honorary Report of the great Society of Surgeons of Paris, giving his Patents place above the ENGLISH AND FRENCH.

Dr Palmer gives personal attention to the business of his profession, aided by men of the best qualifications and greatest experience. He is specially commissioned by the Government, and has the patronage of the prominent Officers of the Army and Navy. Six Major-Generals and more than a thousand less distinguished officers and soldiers have worn the PALMER LIMBS on active duty, while still greater numbers of eminent civilians are, by their aid, filling important positions, and effectually conceal their misfortune.

Advice and Pamphlets Gratis.

To avoid the imposition of Piratical Copyists, apply only to DR. PALMER, as above directed, or to his Agent,
GEO. H TAYLOR,
Newbern, N. C.
Dec. 5-101-tf.

A. A. WILLARD,
Formerly of Washington, N. C., late of Greensboro', N. C.,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Groceries and General Merchandize,
FORWARDING AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 30 North Water Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

REFER TO
Rev. C. H. Wiley, Superintendent Public Schools for the State, Greensboro, N. C.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., Cashier Bank of Cape Fear, Greensboro.
Rev. W. E. Pell, Editor of *Sentinel*, Raleigh.
Joseph Potts, Esq., Washington, N. C.
Messrs. James Corner & Sons, Baltimore.
Messrs. Dowley, Corner & Co., New York.
Wilmington, Jan 9, 137, 6m.

Personal attention given to the sale or shipment of
Cotton, Naval Stores, &c.
All produce, consigned to me for shipment, to Messrs. Dowley, Corners & Co., New York, will be insured from the point of shipment—parties advising me as soon as the goods are sent forward.
MERCHANDIZE
received and forwarded with promptness and at moderate charges.
A full supply of
GROCERIES,
kept constantly in store, which will be sold at low figures for cash.
Agent for the sale of Marvin & Co.'s celebrated
FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF SAFES,
with Marvin's Patent Powder-proof Locks—key weighing only one quarter of an ounce. These Safes are *warranted* free from dampness, and are sold at manufacturer's prices, and will be forwarded through Wilmington without charge for storage or forwarding.
75 Bales of Cotton Yarn, and 4-4 Brown-Sheeting,
for sale. Address, A. A. WILLARD,
Wilmington, N. C.
January 26, 142, 6m.

NOTICE.

The General Assembly having appointed the persons who are named below, Justices of the Peace for Wake County, they are notified to assemble at the Court House, in the City of Raleigh, on Saturday the 3rd day of February, 1866, for the purpose of being qualified and organizing the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions of said county.
J. P. H. RUSS,
Prov. Sheriff.

List of Justices of the Peace for Wake County, recently appointed by the General Assembly:

W. W. Holden,	Thos. J. Davis,
J. P. H. Russ,	John P. Beck,
William H. Hood,	Jacob Sorrell,
Jordan Womble, Sr.	B. Y. Rogers,
M. B. Royster,	Willie Lins,
John R. Marrison,	W. J. Holleman,
A. Kline,	J. Q. Williams,
C. M. Farriss,	J. Q. Adams, Jr.
W. H. Finch,	Sidney Scott,
G. B. Bagwell,	R. H. Slaughter,
W. H. Harrison,	Wm. Laws,
J. J. Nowell,	W. C. Mangum,
A. J. Underhill,	Capt. Lowry,
D. B. Griffin	John A. Powell,
B. T. Strickland,	Dudley Peed,
G. W. Scarborough,	Geo. Brogden,
Dr W. Hartsfield,	Jo. D. Hays,
H. A. Hodge,	B. A. Perry,
Thos. Smith,	Dr. W. I. Busbee,
Willie D Jones,	Mills H. Brown,
Reuben Fleming,	Geo. H. Faribault,
R. B. Seawell,	D ury Partin,
Wm. Buffalo,	W. D. Crowder,
R. W. Wynne,	Jonathan Smith,
Fendal Bevers,	B. H Jewell,
S. D. Hall,	Dr. Thos. L. Banks,
Sol. J. Allen,	Benj Perkinson,
C. J. Rogers,	B. F. Walton,
W. J. Suit,	Jesse A. Norris,
Isaac Rowland,	C. S. Jinks,
D. H. Gardner,	A. R. Perry,
G. E Fish,	Jarrett Broadwell,
Green H. Alford,	S. A. Hinton,
Allen Adams,	S. G. Dupree,
Williams Boothe,	C. B. Root,
J. L. Johnson,	Sexton Gales,
John H. Burt,	R. G. Dunn,
W. C. Barker,	P. P. Pace,
R. M. Brown,	P. McGowan,
J. H. Collins,	R. S. Perry,
Thos. J. Utley,	Dr. A. R. Young,
W. H. Pope,	John R. Dunn,
P. M. Mangum,	Solomon Wiggins,
G. W. Norwood,	Walter S. Tucker,
Joseph Yeargin,	James M. Jones,
Canady Low,	N. J. Whitaker,
W. D. Carlton,	J. H. Reagan,
Leonard House,	Nelson D. Pair,
W. S. Thompson,	F. G. Foster,
Eli Ferrell,	Jas. T. Hunter,
Isaac H. Rogers,	Jas. P. Chandler,
Wm. R. Poole,	Roland Gooch,
R. H Jones,	Rufus S. Tucker.
W. H. High,	

Jan. 27-143-td.

EDGEWORTH.

THIS FEMALE SEMINARY HAS BEEN IN successful operation since 1840, until occupied in 1864 by the Confederate Government. It is now relieved, and is for lease or sale. Apply to me at Greensboro, N. C. J. M. MOREHEAD.
Jan 15, 132, w6w.

DIRECT IMPORTATION!

200 HHDS. AND 200 TIERCES NEW CROP Molasses, momentarily expected per Brig *Benjamin Carver* from Cardenas—for sale by
O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
Jan 129, 2w. Wilmington, N. C.
**Standard copy two weeks. 31

NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.

Change of Time.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JAN. 7TH, 1866 trains will run as follows:

Going West.

	Mail Train.	*Freight Train.*
Leave Goldsboro,	5.10 P M	4.15 A M
" Raleigh,	9 00 "	9.00 "
" Hillsboro,	11.48 "	12.25 P M
" Greensboro,	3.10 A M	4.40 "
" Salisbury,	7.00 "	9.15 "
Arrive at Charlotte,	9.50 "	1.00 A M

Going East.

	Mail Train.	*Freight Train*
Leave Charlotte,	3.00 P M	4.30 A M
" Salisbury,	6 05 "	8 40 "
" Greensboro,	10 00 "	12.50 P M
" Hillsboro,	1.20 A M	5.00 "
" Raleigh,	4 30 "	8 45 "
Arrive at Goldsboro,	7.45 "	12.40 A M

Mail Train connects at Raleigh with the R. & G. R. Trains for the North; at Goldsboro with the A. & N. C. and W. & W R. Rds; at Greensboro with the Piedmont R. R., and runs daily.

Freight Train has a Passenger Car attached for the accommodation of passengers and runs daily, Sunday excepted. E. WILKES,
Engineer and Superintendent.
Jan 11, 129, 3m.

LOUISBURG
FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the second Wednesday in January, 1866.

Charges will be the same as those adopted in the Greensboro Female College before the war, viz:

Board, per session of 5 months, exclusive of washing and lights,	$50 00
Tuition in regular course including Latin,	20 00
EXTRA STUDIES.	
Music on Piano and Guitar, each,	30 00
French and Drawing, each,	10 00
Painting in Oil,	30 00
Needle Work,	5 00

The above charges, to be paid in specie, or its equivalent in currency. One half in advance; the remainder at the close of the session. Each pupil will furnish one pair of sheets, and pillow cases, and towels.
T. M. JONES.
Jan. 12-130-tf.

EDWARD J. HALE, JR.,
OF FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
with
ROMME, DUNKLE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
370 Broadway, New York,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, Furs, Parasols, &c
Jan'y 6, 126, 1mpd.

A. S. SHAFER, late of Petersburg, Va. P. T. NORWOOD, late of Warrenton, N. C.
SHAFER & NORWOOD,
Commission Merchants,
No. 5 WATER STREET, NEW YORK.
Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Grains and all other Southern Products solicited

Order from Merchants, Manufacturers, Planters and others will receive prompt and individual attention.

REFER TO
Gov J M Morehead, Greensboro, N C; R Lassiter, President Raleigh and Gaston R R; McIlwaine, Son & Co, Donnans and Johnson, Martin & Tannahill, Petersburg, Va; E A Vogler, Esq., Salem, N C; R P Richardson, Rockingham Co, N C; Seymour Steel, Greensboro, N C; E Wilkes, Superintendent N C R R. 47-tf.

THE FAYETTEVILLE HOTEL.

IS offered for rent. The property is so well known as one of the LARGEST HOTELS in the State, and promising so many advantages, it is deemed unnecessary to give particular description. Apply to
HENRY LILLY, Pres't.
Fayetteville, N. C., Jan 25, 141, 3t.

DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO!

THE subscribers would respectfully inform their friends, that they still continue to manufacture the celebrated Durham Smoking Tobacco, and are prepared to sell by retail or wholesale. Orders solicited. R. F. MORRIS & SON.
Durham's, N. C., Jan 30, 137, 1m.

DAILY SENTINEL

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

FOR SALE.

20,000 Bushels Corn.
5,000 " Wheat.
400 Boxes Manufactured Tobacco.
10,000 pounds Durham Smoking Tobacco.
A large lot Cooking Stoves, most improved patterns.
A valuable farm for sale in Hyde county.
One cotton plantation in Edgecombe county.

By WALKER, FARRAR & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers, Commission & Forwarding Merchants, Craven Street, Newbern, N. C.

Jan 20, 137, 1m.

OUR DAY.

ABOUT the 1st of February next, we will commence the publication of a Literary Eclectic Paper styled

OUR DAY,

to be issued, once a week, simultaneously in the cities of New York and Norfolk.

Each number will consist of 16 octavo pages, with 2 columns to each page, printed on excellent paper, and in a superior style of typography.

Unencumbered by sectarianism or party spirit, it shall be our fixed purpose to present nothing but the choicest fruits and flowers of Literature, culled from the gardens of the Old and New World.

We would particularly invite the attention of our friends in that section which for the past four years has been without a current Literature, while we promise to make our Paper acceptable to every reader in our common country.

Our terms for a single subscription will be:

For three months	$1 25
For six months	2 25
For one year	4 00

Payable in advance.

For single subscriptions and advertising, apply to
ROBERT W. LAMB,
No 5 West Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

We have made arrangements with the American News Company, New York, to supply the trade.

Jan. 28, 144, 6t.

A PRIVATE SCHOOL.

MISS MANGUM, will open the seventh session her School for young ladies, at the residence of her Mother, Mrs. Willie P Mangum, on the 18th of January 1866.

Only a limited number of pupils can be received. They will find a home in her Mother's family. For particulars apply to

MISS M. P. MANGUM.
Flat River Orange Co., N. C.

Nov. 18-87-3m

Davenport Female College.

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION will be resumed on Monday, the 26th of February, 1866, with a full corps of instructors. This institution is delightfully situated at Lenoir, twelve miles from Icard's Station on the Western Extension.

TERMS.

Board for twenty weeks,	$50 00
Tuition in English branches,	20 00
Music and use of Piano,	22 50
Drawing,	8 00
Painting in Oil,	20 00
Latin, Greek, French and German, each,	5 00
PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.	
Tuition in first class,	12 50
Tuition in second class,	15 00
Contingent fee to be paid by each student, on entering the College,	2 00

For circular, address until 1st of February,
REV. J. R. GRIFFITH,
Asheville, N. C.

P S. All of the above prices are to be paid in specie or its equivalent. Dec 14 108—3ms.

North Carolina Map for 1866.

THE subscriber has, after ten years of toil and experience, prepared *his new and beautiful map* from new engravings, with all the new Counties, Rail Roads, Post Offices with hundreds of additions and corrections, State border views, likeness of President Johnson, Andrew Jackson, J K. Polk, Gov. Swain, Graham, Vance, &c., altogether presenting a superb Map, worthy of the State and a place in everyh ousehold, vastly superior to any thing in this line in finish and beauty.

This Map is entirely from new engravings, and is a great improvement on Cooke's & Pearce's old Map.

Beware of Northern humbugs and impositions.

This Map is now ready for printing.

Agents wanted in all parts of the State.

Editors who will copy and notice this advertisement, will be entitled to a proof copy of the Map, by sending paper to me.

Price of the Map, 5 feet by 4, handsomely painted and printed in the best style at the low price of $5 per copy SAMUEL PEARCE,
Hillsboro, N. C.

Jan. 23-130-1m.

DR. W. R. JONES

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO the citizens of Raleigh.

Office over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.

Can be found at night at the residence of Rev. J. M. Atkinson.

Raleigh, November 2, 1865 73 3m-pd.

CHARLES J. BAKER. WM. BAKER CHARLES E. BAKER.

Baker Brothers & Co.,

Manufacturers, Importers and Agents for

BALTIMORE WINDOW GLASS.

Druggists Glassware, Vials, Bottles, Jars, &c.

BI CARB. SODA, SAL SODA, BORAX, ALUM, and other Chemicals.

Paints, Oils, Glue,

Extract of Logwood, Castile Soap, &c., &c.,
No. 32 AND 34 S. CHARLES ST.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Nov. 29-88-3m.

Select School.

MISS M. MITCHELL, AND MRS. E. N. GRANT, Propose receiving into their family, as pupils, a few young ladies. Terms made known on application by letter or otherwise. The next session will commence January 15th, 1866.

Chapel Hill, Nov. 11-81 tf.

COOKE'S HOTEL

IS open, and those who are travelling and wish comfortable quarters and good eating, stop at Cooke's. My terms will be as moderate as possible for the times. You will always find conveyance at the depot to take you to either of the Hotels in this City; but be sure to inquire for Cooke's, where you will get *good lodging, good eating, mineral water* to drink, and a *pipe* to smoke if you wish it.

I will be prepared to accommodate 15 or 20 members of the approaching Convention.

GEO. T. COOKE.

September 1, 1865 20-tf

JOB PRINTING.

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXecuted, with despatch.

Our arrangements are such that any of our friends desiring Job Printing can be promptly accommodated. Jan. 17, 134, tf.

A. A. MOFFITT. W. D. MOFFITT. JOHN M'LAURIN

MOFFITT, BRO. & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,
No. 4 South Water Street,
Wilmington, N. C.,

WILL give prompt Personal attention to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval Stores, General Produce, &c., &c. Also to receiving and forwarding goods.

Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Jan. 27, 142, 6m.

PUTNAM COWPER. JAMES A. MOORE

COWPER & MOORE,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Fayetteville Street,
Opposite Pescud's Drug Store,
RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL sell all kinds of produce and goods of any description, on Commission or at Auction. Will collect all claims and individual debts against parties residing in the city of Raleigh or in the county of Wake, and will buy and sell on Commission,

Real Estate,
Gold and Silver Coin,
State Bonds,
Stocks, and
Bank Notes.

Consignments solicited.

COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

JUST received a few kegs of fine Virginia Mountain Butter. Also, for sale, several firkins of New York Goshen Butter. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

FINE Flour and Buckwheat, Onion Setts, early Garden Peas, (Marrowfat and Early Washington) and Onions. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

A SUPERIOR article of Yadkin County Rye Whiskey, Cheese, Molasses, Sugar, Georgia Wine, by the case or bottle, and Dr. Orton's Carminative Bitters and Plantation Bitters.

COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 123, tf.

FOR SALE.

A LOT of fine Northern Apples, Borax by the barrel at New York cost, Rod Iron, Hats and Caps, Crockery, and Liquorice by the case.

COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

COTTON Yarns, by the bale, Cotton Sheeting, a very fine horse, a second hand Buggy, a Wagon Harness, wheel and lead Setts, Reins and Horse Covers, fine Saddles and Bridles. Also, Durham's Smoking Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff.

COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR SALE.

LAW and miscellaneous books, silver plated Ware, Colton Card faces, fine Sweet Oil, by the case, at New York cost, Sole Leather, Buttons, Stoves, Sewing Machines, Washing Soap, very cheap, by the box, Wool, and a fine Gun—shoots five times, ball or shot. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

A VERY fine residence, in the city of Raleigh, to rent fifteen acres of land attached. Also, two nice dwellings, situated on the principal street, for sale. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139, tf,

Old Nick Williams Whiskey.

AS Agents for Nick Williams & Son, we are prepared to furnish the above popular brand of Whiskey, by the barrel or keg. Address orders to COWPER & MOORE.

W. GOODMAN, Mississippi. A. P. MERRILL, JR., New York.

GOODMAN & MERRILL,

GENERAL
Commission Merchants.
36 New Street, New York.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE ADVANCES ON consignments in store or on receipt of bills of lading.

All consignments to us will be covered by Fire and Marine Insurance unless otherwise directed.

We have made an arrangement with Mr. D W. Courts, late Public Treasurer of N. C., by which he becomes interested in all the business sent us from that State. We solicit the patronage of his friends.

He is not associated now with the firm of Bennett, Van Pelt & Co., New York.

Jan 8, 126, 3ms.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

AT THE NOVEMBER TERM, 1865, OF THE Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Washington County, the undersigned qualified as Administrator, with the will annexed, on the estate of Jonathan J. Lindsey, deceased.

All who hold claims against the estate are notified to present them for payment, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All indebted to the estate are notified to make payment immediately.

CHARLES LATHAM,
Admr. with the will annexed.

Jan 12, 130, law6w.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO
KELLOGG & BRENIZER,
BANKERS, BROKERS,
—AND—
INSURANCE AGENTS,
GREENSBORO, N. C.

GOLD AND SILVER, EXCHANGE, BANK Notes, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold.

Deposits received subject to sight checks as with the Banks.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Will transact all business promptly and on reasonable terms. jan 8, 124, 3m.

THOMAS & CO.,

Bankers,
No. 176 BALTIMORE STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD

WE BUY AND SELL, ON THE MOST FAVORable terms, all the different

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
SOUTHERN BANK NOTES,
SOUTHERN STATE BONDS,
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,
GOLD AND SILVER.

Stocks, Bonds, &c., of our own market, on Commission, in person; and those of New York and Philadelphia through reliable correspondents.

Make Collections, with prompt returns, on all accessible points, North, South and West.

Draw Gold or Currency Drafts, of any amount, [very best rates,] on New York, Philadelphia, Boston or Richmond.

Allow Interest on Deposites of Gold or Currency, subject to check at sight.

ON HAND FOR SALE.

$500,000 Southern Bank Notes.
$100,000 Seven Thirties, [different series.]
$50,000 Five-Twenties, ['62, '64 and '65 issues.]
$50,000 One-Year Certificates. Nov 16 85-tf

JAS. M. EDNEY,

Commission Merchant,
NO. 476½ BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Office of the Great American Pump,

A NEW AND WELL TRIED INVENTION, warranted to raise water from greater depths; to throw it further by hose; to force it to greater distances by hand than any other pump. The best insurance against fire.

JOHN POWERS, Manufacturer,
432 East 10th Street.

The American Wind Mill, Garden Engines, Brick Elevators, Hydropults, Hose, Rubber and Leather Belting, Brass Hose Pipes, Couplings, Bibbs, Pianos Melodeons, &c, always on hand. dec 23, 116, tf

J. D. FLANNER,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
Old County Wharf,
Foot of Craven Street,
NEW BERNE, N. C.

October 30-69-3mos.

NOTICE.

HAVING BEEN ELECTED PRESIDENT OF Olin College, at the last meeting of the Board of Trustees, I give notice, that the school will be opened at the usual time in January, 1866. An advertisement, stating full particulars, will shortly appear. Address me at Olin, Iredell County, N. C.

JAMES SOUTHGATE, President.

Dec 23-116-tf.

H. C. WHEELER,
OF SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA,
WITH
JAMES PALMER & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN
Oils, Paints, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, &c.
No. 439 Market Street,
Philadelphia.

Nov. 14-81-6m.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!!

Please your Children, Sweethearts, Wives, and Husbands.

CALL AT PH. THIEM'S STORE AND EXAMINE the largest and handsomest Stock of Fancy Goods, Toys and Confectionaries of all descriptions.

$10,000 worth of Fancy Goods.
$10,000 worth of Toys and Confectioneries.
$10,000 worth of Jewelry, Perfumery, &c.

FOR CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

which will be sold at the lowest prices.

CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE,
CALL AND EXAMINE

PH. THIEM'S Beautiful Stock of

CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

Great inducements to persons wishing to buy by wholesale. PH. THEIM

December 14-108-tf.

S. D. WALLACE. J. B. SOUTHERLAND.

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Office over A. E. Hall's Store,
No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,
Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of

NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.

Sep. 6. 1865-26-tf.

TO OUR FRIENDS.

WE STILL CONTINUE TO SELL BOOKS AND Stationery, and all other goods in our line. We cannot sell at cost. If we do so, we shall soon be unable to buy other Goods. We have been trading in our line for several years. Our friends have always patronized us largely, for which we are thankful. We have always tried to make a *living profit* on our Goods, and at the same time to give general satisfaction to our customers. We intend still to follow the same rule, which we think fair and honorable. Such books as we do not have on hand we will order for our friends.

Among our late arrivals we have Methodist Hymn Books, Episcopal Prayer Books, Illustrated Children's Books in great variety, Photographs of Southern Generals, and Photograph Albums.

We have also a great variety of Common and Fine Bibles and Testaments. Also a large variety of Sheet Music.

We try to keep all School Books wanted by Teachers, to whom we sell at a liberal discount.

Call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

We are prepared to do the best BOOK BINDING in the neatest style at short notice.

We want to trade with our friends for years to come, hence we will sell as cheap as we can under the circumstances.

BRANSON & FARRAR,
No. 40 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Raleigh, Jan 4, 123, 1m.

J. D. WHITFORD, GEORGE W. DILL, W. C. WHITFORD.

WHITFORD, DILL & CO.,

Shipping & Receiving, Forwarding and
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NEWBERN, N. C.

Personal attention paid to the sale of Produce.

AGENTS FOR
MURRAY'S N. C. STEAMSHIP LINES
BETWEEN NEWBERN & NEW YORK.
General Vessel Agents.

November 29 96-1y.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,

WITH WILDER'S PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!
JEWELERS' AND BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.
HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER," renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words in its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the "Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.*

Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added. No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. Samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.

Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs,) Wilmington, N. C.

Dec. 4-106-tf.

WANTED,

INFORMATION—WILLIE REESE (A SOLDIER) left Richmond for his home in Alabama, on the 10th of last March, in bad health. Any information in regard to him will be thankfully received by his distressed parents.

W. P. REESE,
Selma, Alabama.

Jan. 1-120-1m.

NEW ARRIVAL

OF

Drugs Medicines, Paints

Oils, Window Glass, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Wines, Brandy, Spices, Extracts, &c., &c.,

AT

Pescud's Drug Store,

ALL WARRANTED FRESH AND PURE,

and will be sold at reduced rates for *cash*, or exchange for

FLAX SEED, YELLOW WAX, COTTON AND PROVISIONS.

SYRINGES, Male and Female in great variety, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPIT CUPS, for the Sick Bed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

BED PANS, Male and Female Urinals, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TRUSSES, single & double, in great variety at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PHYSICIANS' Medical Saddle Bags and Pocket Cases, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PLANTATION Combs for Darkies, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

30 DOZ. Plantation Bitters, very low by the case, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SOZODONT, and *Odoutlane*, at reduced price, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS, that most delicate and popular perfume, at reduced rates, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MAGNOLIA WATER, certainly the most popular Cologne introduced since the surrender—may be had at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

ADAMS' Flesh Brushes, the best known, for sale at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

PURE Cod Liver Oil, various brands, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

SPICES of all kinds, in great variety, (whole and ground) at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

STARCH, Indigo, Fig Blue of best quality, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

KATHAIRON, Tricophorus, Cocoaine, Phalon's and Webster's Hair Invigorators, Black and White Pomatums, and Philecome, Pomades, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CHEROKEE Remedy and Female Pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HEMBOLT'S & Smolander's Extract Buchu, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

RADWAY'S Ready Relief, and R. R. Pills, and Perry Davis' Pain Killer, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

AYERS', Strong's, Beckwith's, Brandreth's, Deems', Jayne's, and other popular pills, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

MOUNT EAGLE TRIPOLI for cleansing Metals of all kinds, Window Glass and Mirrors, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

HECKER'S, Farina, and Corn Starch for Custards, Puddings, and Blanc Mange, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

WOLFF'S Scheidam Schnapps, Pure Old Port and Sherry Wine and Cognac Brandy, selected expressly for medical purposes, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

VERY Superior Green and Black Tea, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

CANARY Bird and Kemp Seed, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

COSTAR'S Rat, Insect and Bed Bug Exterminator, at PESCUD'S DRUG STORE.

TOBIA'S Condition Powders for Horses and PESCUD'S.

PURE Bermuda Arrow Root, and Cox's Gelatine at PESCUD'S.

CHLORIDE LIME in one pound bottles, at PESCUD'S.

KEROSENE Oil and Lamps, at PESCUD'S.

PURE Sperm and Sweet Oil, at PESCUD'S.

ALL kinds of Paints, dry and ground in Oil in assorted packages, at PESCUD'S.

PAINT and Whitewash Brushes, at PESCUD'S.

MUSTANG LINIMENT, McAlister's Ointment, and Gray's Ointment, at PESCUD'S.

AZAMEA and Durkees' Baking Powders, at PESCUD'S.

BATCHELOR'S and Phalon's Hair Dye, at PESCUD'S.

LUBIN'S Toilet Powder and Puffs, at PESCUD'S.

SUP. Wax Matches, at PESCUD'S.

COCHINEAL and Solution of Tin, at PESCUD'S.

CORKS for Bottles and Vials, at PESCUD'S.

ELIXIR'S Peruvian Bark and Protoxide Iron, at PESCUD'S.

HOSLETTER'S Bitters, at PESCUD'S.

KENNEDY'S Medical Discovery, at PESCUD'S.

Raleigh, Oct. 26-89-tf.

NOTICE.

Buying, Selling and Leasing Real Estate.

ALL Persons wishing to buy, sell, or Lease Real Estate, are invited to call upon the subscriber at his Hotel, on the corner of Wilmington and Davie streets, Raleigh, N. C., who promises to give their business his prompt attention, and spare no pains that will enable him to give entire satisfaction.

Being so well known to the citizens of Raleigh and Wake County, the undersigned hopes they will not hesitate to put their business in his hands.

GEORGE T. COOKE,
Agent for Wake Co. of the Pioneer Land Office.
sep 2, 1865-24-tf.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE firm heretofore known as that of Baker, Cowper & Co has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The duties devolving on one of the partners as Cashier of the Bank of Cape Fear, and the removal of the other to Norfolk (his residence before the war) for the purpose of practicing law, have caused this dissolution. The business will be continued by Mr. Pulaski Cowper and Mr James A. Moore, late Teller of the Bank of Cape Fear, under the name and style of Cowper & Moore, who will settle up the business of Baker, Cowper & Co.

WM J. BAKER,
PULASKI COWPER,
WM. H. JONES.

Jan. 23, 139, tf.

LORILLARD

FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,

OF THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, $1,012,000.

C. NORWOOD, *Prest.* JNO. C. MILLS, *Sec'y.*

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel

November 22-90-tf.

☞ *Standard* copy till forbid.

JACOB KULL & SONS,
PETERSBURG, VA.,

Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS

which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

November 23-91-6m-pd.

To Rail Road Companies.

WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE of **Taw's Celebrated Car Grease,** for lubricating the Axles of Rail Road Cars. We have on sale eight Barrels anary Yellow Rail Road Car Grease.

Also 20 kegs Axle Grease for greasing the axles of waggons, carts, &c. Also a lot of Taw's patent Harness Dubbing for greasing harness, and a lot of Buggy axle grease.

J. LONG & CO.

Greensboro, October 6-52-tf.

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandise, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.

Greensboro, Nov. 12-82-tf.

THE

Underwriters' Agency

OF NEW YORK,

CASH ASSETS,

Three Million Dollars

Issue Policies of

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negotiable and Bankable

CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE

Are issued by this Association.

JOHN G. WILIAMS & CO. Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA,

RALEIGH, N. C.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden,
W. B. Gulick, *Cashier.*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold.

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms.

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina. 56-1y.

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE

Insurance Company,

OF
New Orleans, Louisiana.
CAPITAL, - - - $565,000.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates. This Company was organized in January, 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz; Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange. L W. PECK, Agent.

Raleigh, Nov. 3 74 tf.

Desirable Farm for Sale.

THE PLANTATION SITUATED ABOUT TWO and a-half miles from the village of Magnolia on the Wilmington and Weldon R. R., between that place and Kenansville, and known as "Barbacue," is offered for sale. The tract contains 360 acres, 100 of which are cleared and have been under cultivation, producing excellent Corn, Wheat, potatoes, &c. A portion of the land is also well adapted to the culture of cotton. An inexhaustible bed of Marl, a large spring of as good water as can be found in the State, and a never failing stream, running through the center of the cleared land, are among the attractions of the place.

The timbered portion of the land being nearest the Rail Road, and the entire place being easy of access to a first rate market, make it a highly desirable location for growing produce, raising stock and selling timber. Any one having the cash, can procure a bargain by applying immediately to

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, Jan 2-121-5-1m

RAGS! RAGS!! RAGS!!!

WE WILL BUY COTTON RAGS CLEANED, AT the highest cash price. Enquire at the SENTINEL OFFICE.

Raleigh, January 3, -tf

Paper for Sale—Rags Wanted.

THE FOREST MANUFACTURING COMPANY are making a superior quality of Book and News Paper.

—ALSO—

Envelope and Wrapping Paper, which they offer at low prices

They wish to purchase large quantities of clean

Cotton and Linen Rags,

for which they will pay the highest cash price. Address FOREST MANUFACTURING CO.,

Jan 3rd. 122, 9t. Forestville, N. C.

JOHN HUGHES,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NEWBERN, N. C.

50-3m-pd.

Change of Time.

R & G RAILROAD COMPANY,
Superintendent's Office,
Raleigh, N. C., November 4, '65.

Change of Schedule.

On and after November 6th, 1865, the trains will run as follows:

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

Leave Raleigh,	4 30 A. M.
Arrive Gaston,	10 30 "

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Leave Gaston,	2 15 P. M.
Arrive Raleigh,	8 15 "

This train connects with all the trains between Greensboro and New York. Passengers by this line have no delays between those points.

ALBERT JOHNSON,
76-tf. Superintendent.

☞ Progress, Petersburg Express and Richmond Times copy till forbid.

M. J. Moore,
Of Stokes County, N. C.
WITH

Hood, Bonbright & Co

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
Philadelphia.
No. 529 Market Street.

Nov. 9-79-6m.

J. W. ATKINSON & CO.,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
AND
Agents for

SECURITY FIRE & MAINE INSURANCE COMpany, New York.
Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.
Peabody Fire Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Maryland Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Wilmington, N. C., Sep. 16 35 6m pd.

JAS. F. PURVIS, ISAAC F. PURVIS,
JAS. F. PURVIS, JR. NATHAN H. CRAWFORD.

PURVIS & COMPANY,

Bankers,
No. 192 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md

WE TRANSACT THE
GENERAL BANKING, EXCHANGE MERCANTILE COLLECTION,
AND
STOCK COMMISSION BUSINESS,

In all their several departments.

We buy and sell, and are prepared to furnish at all times, Government Bonds and Securities, in sums to suit.

We give special attention to Collections, which we are prepared to make, on all accessible points, on the most reasonable terms.

Deposits received, and interest allowed on Current Balances, according to special agreement.

Nov 16-85-6m. PURVIS & CO.

HENSHAW & THORBURN

COMMISSION & SHIPPING
MERCHANTS,
MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all kinds of Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.

☞ Business solicited. 74-6ms.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY ANnounce to the public that they have formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on the

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING BUSINESS,

in all its branches.

Each member of the firm is a practical printer, and, with an experience of twenty years each, they confidently appeal to the people of their native State for a liberal share of patronage.

They have one of the

Largest Printing Establishments

in the State, and execute their own work, which, for neatness and cheapness, cannot be excelled in the South.

The senior member of the firm has been for a number of years Superintendent of the Printing Office of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind which has always sustained a high reputation for neat and tasty printing.

They are prepared to execute, at short notice,

Visiting,
Invitation and
Business Cards
All kinds of
Railroad,
Corporation,
School and
Court Blanks,
Bill and Letter Heads,
Bank Checks,
Circulars,
Handbills,
Posters, &c., &c

Particular attention paid to work in

COLORS AND BRONZE.

☞ Office in the rear of Williams & Haywood's Drug Store. Entrance on Hargett street.

JOHN NICHOLS,
JOHN C. GORMAN,
JOHN B. NEATHERY.

RALEIGH, Jan. 17th, 1866-134-1m.

Exchange Hotel,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT HAS BEEN RE-OPENed this day under the management of Reuben Wallace, Esq., late of Kinston, a gentleman well known for his tact and good management. It will be thoroughly furnished and fitted up for the accommodation of the public. The former patrons of the house and all who favor us with a call are assured that every thing will be done to render them comfortable.

W. H. CUNINGGIM, Proprietor.

Raleigh, January 2-121-1m.

*** The Wilmington Dispatch, Goldsboro News, Newbern Times, Greensboro Patriot, Salisbury Gazette, Charlotte Democrat and Petersburg Index will please insert 6 times and send bills to the proprietor.

NOTICE.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE NORTH Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, wish to secure the services of a gentleman to act as VICE PRINCIPAL of the Institution, and in connection with that office to discharge the duties of the Steward. He must reside in the Institution, and be competent to take charge of the books and accounts of the Institution.

Applications must be made in writing to the Principal before the first of February to be laid before the Board or Directors. Address

W. J. PALMER, Principal,
Jan 9, 127, 2w. Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

I OFFER FOR SALE PRIVATELY NEAR THIS place, 200 barrells of corn, 5000 pounds pork, horses, mules, oxen, &c

I also offer on the Roanoke river near Jamesville, my farm containing 200 acres of land.

GEO. M. BURRAS.

Tarboro, N. C., Jan 2, 1866, 121, 1m.